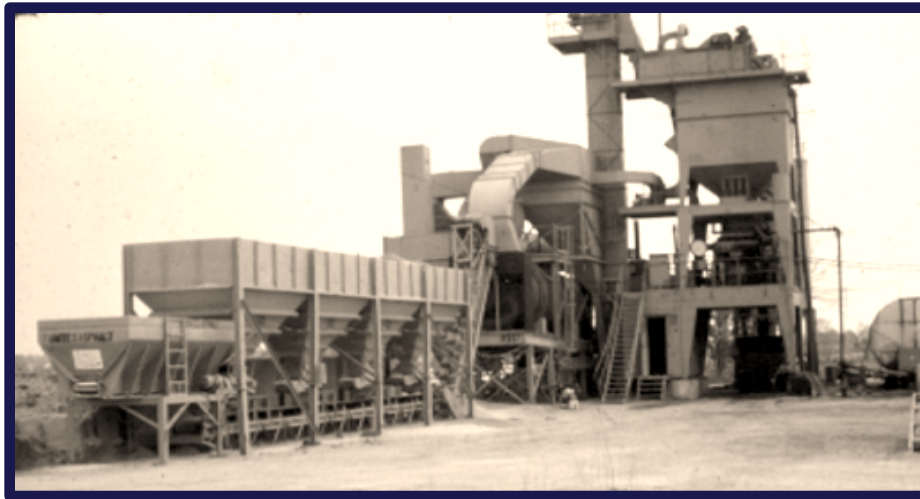


# HMA – The Last 50 Years in Indiana



# HMA – The Last 50 Years in Indiana

- Materials
- Mix Design
- Sampling
- Testing
- Equipment
- Problems
- Quality Control
- Quality Assurance



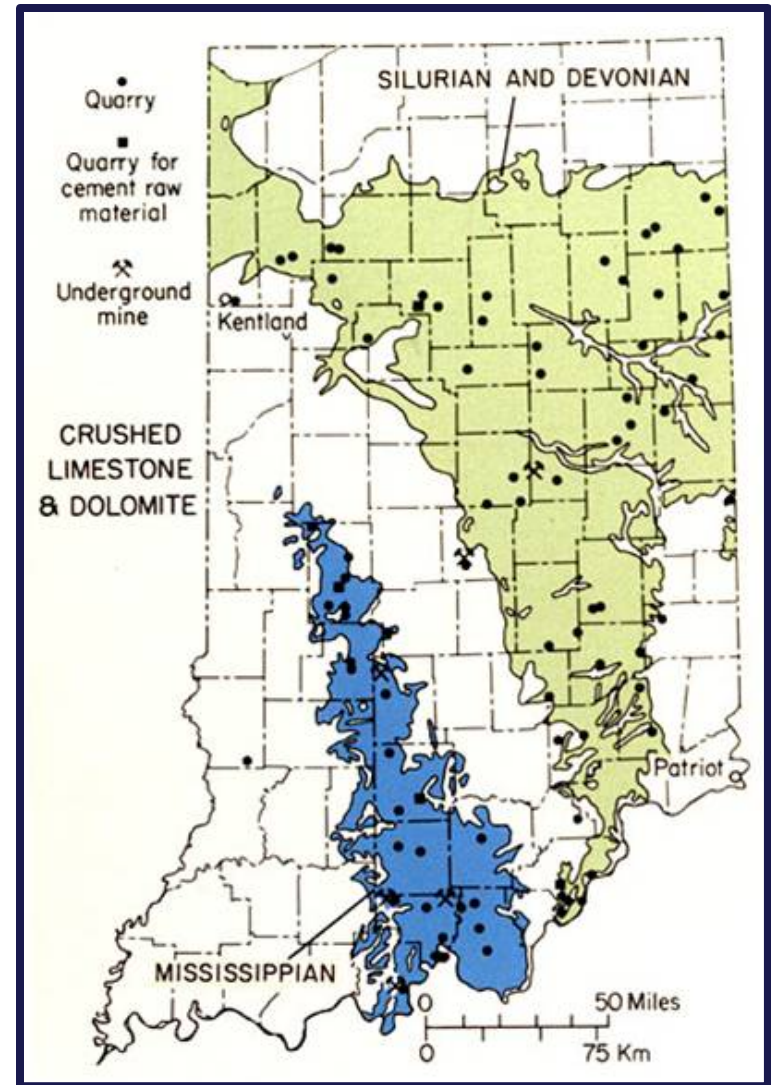
# Materials - Aggregates

- **Certified Sources - 191**
  - **Stone - 80**
  - **Sand & Gravel - 50**
  - **Sand Only - 36**
  - **Sand, Gr., & St. - 15**
  - **Slag - 9**
  - **Recycled - 1**



# Materials - Stone

- Limestone - all mixtures
- Dolomites - friction resistant surface mixtures
- Sandstone – high ESAL friction resistant mixtures





# Materials - Stone



## ■ Limestone – Ledge and Production Testing

# Materials – Friction Resistance



**Dolomite - 10.3% Magnesium (1980s)**

## Materials - Sandstone



## HMA Surface & SMA Surface

# Polish Resistant Aggregates British Polishing Wheel





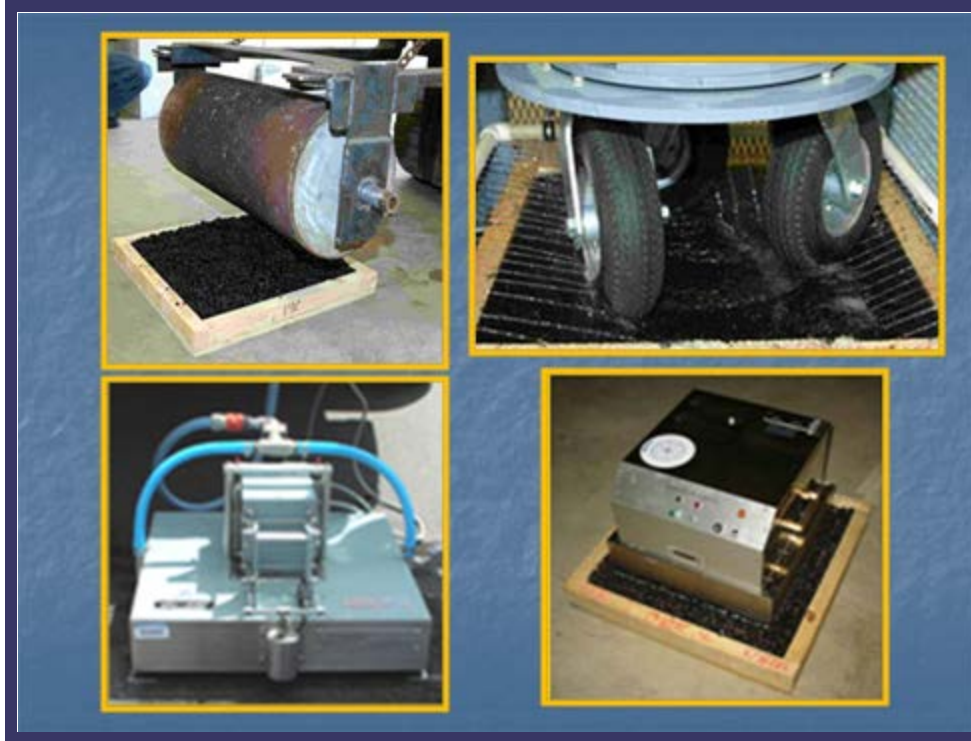
# Polish Resistant Aggregates



- 2 year evaluation with comparison to test section



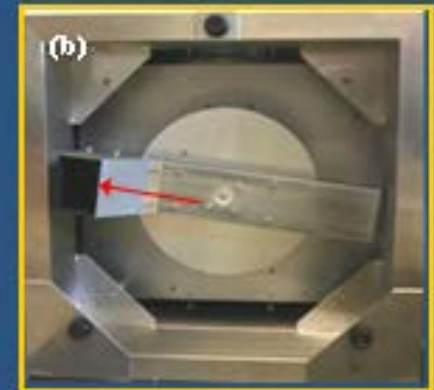
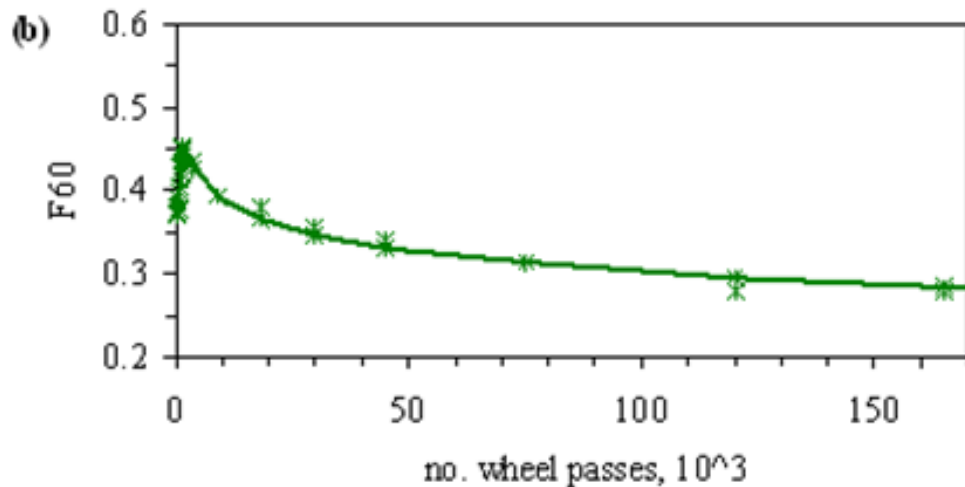
# ITM 221 – Acceptance Procedures for HMA Surface Mixture Coarse Aggregate for ESAL $\geq 10,000,000$



- Circular Track Polishing Machine
- Circular Track Meter
- Dynamic Friction Tester

# Maximizing the Use of Local Aggregates

Typical Polishing Curve - IFI (F60)



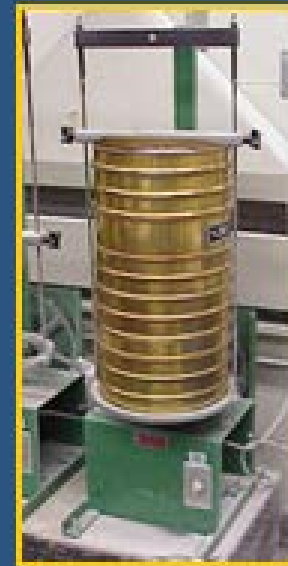
- 20% of Highly Polishing Aggregate

# Abrasion – Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

## Micro - Deval



## Aggregate Degradation



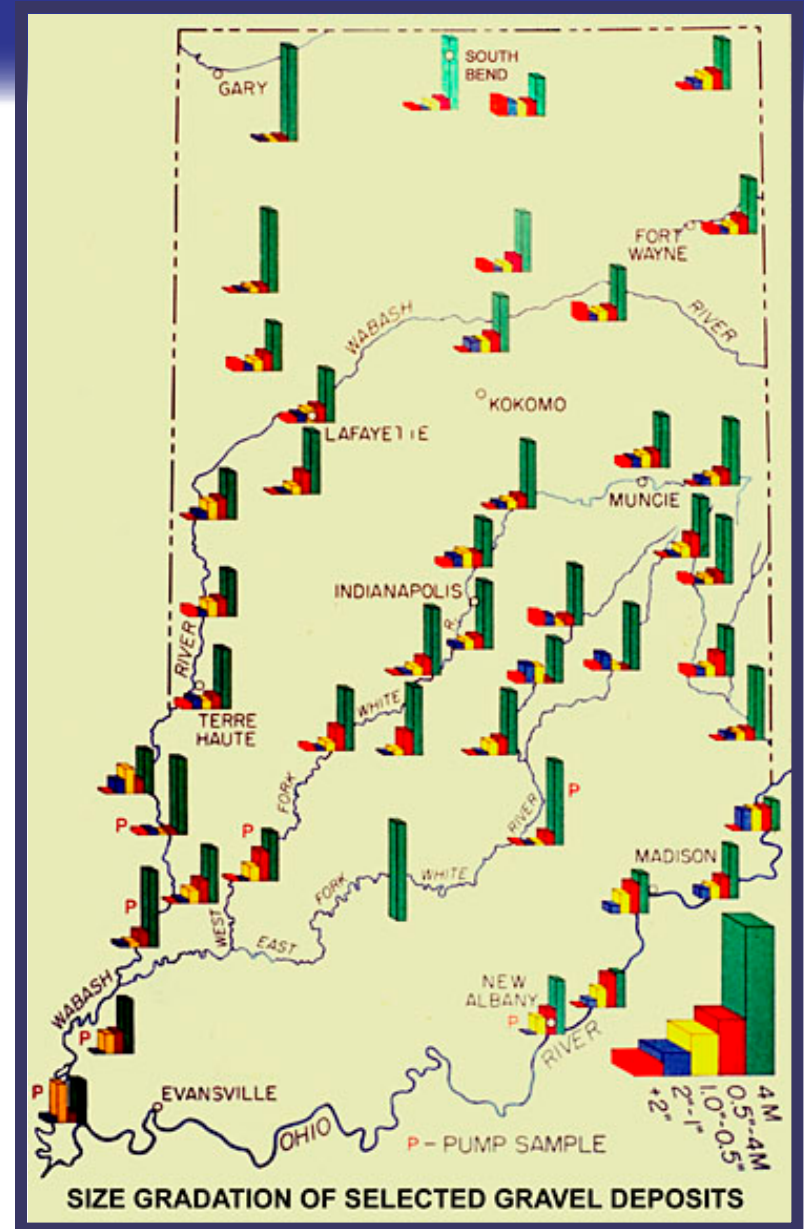
- Gravel Sources - 11
- Stone Sources – 27/41 Benches



## Materials - Gravel



- Sand & Gravel - 50
- Sand Only - 36
- Sand, Gr., & St. - 15

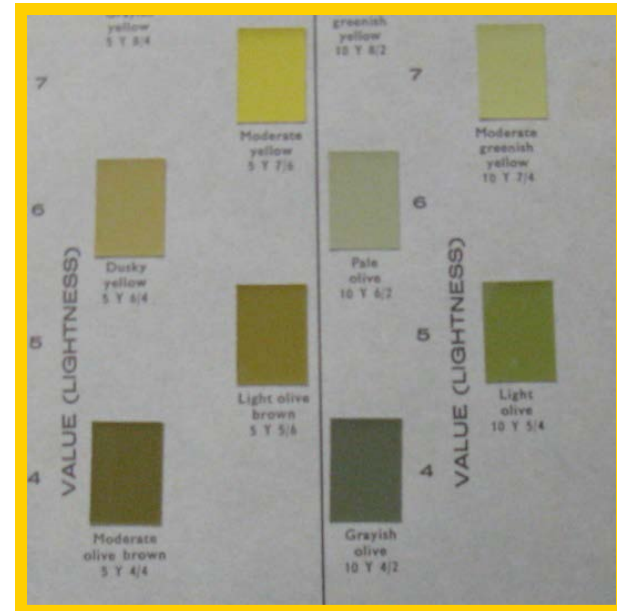
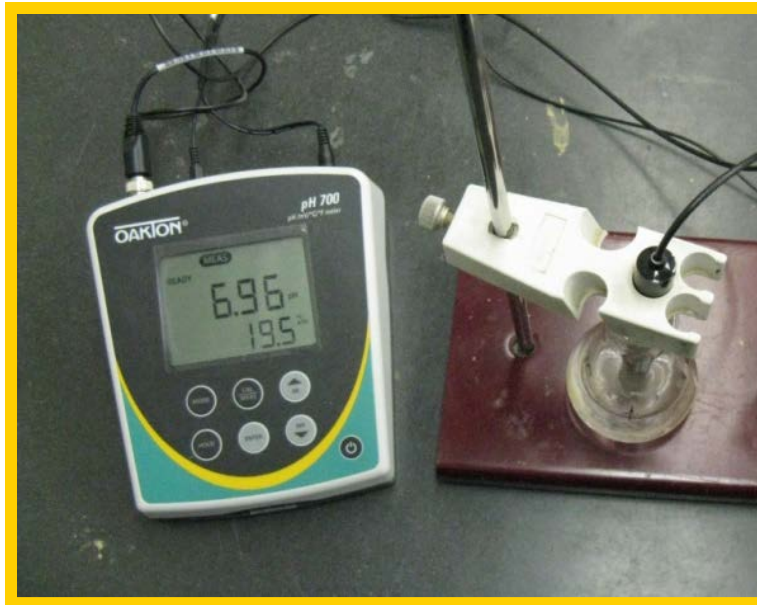


# Materials – Blast Furnace Slag



- Variable Specific Gravity
- Surface Area and Absorption
- High Friction Resistant Aggregate

# Materials – Blast Furnace Slag



- Leachate – calcium sulfide
- pH and rock color chart requirements

## Materials – Steel Furnace Slag

- Limited to aggregate shoulders, HMA or SMA surface, dumped riprap, and snow and ice abrasives
- Expansion – unaged calcium oxide and magnesium oxide
- Autoclave Test – ITM 219





## Materials – Fine Aggregate



**Natural Sand – angularity and clay content**

## Materials – Fine Aggregate



- Florida Bearing Value -- add 0-20 % stone sand to obtain a FBV of 30 for surface mixtures

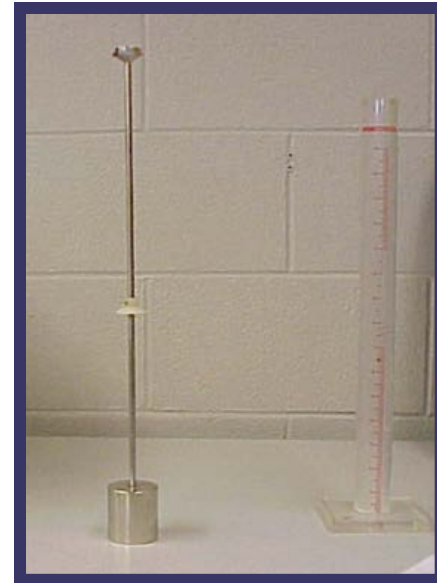
# Materials – Fine Aggregate

FINE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY		
TRAFFIC ESAL	DEPTH FROM SURFACE	
	≤ 4 in.	> 4 in.
< 300,000		
300,000 to < 3,000,000	40	40
3,000,000 to < 10,000,000	45	40
10,000,000 to < 30,000,000	45	40
≥ 30,000,000	45	45





# Materials – Fine Aggregate



CLAY CONTENT	
TRAFFIC ESAL	SAND EQUIVALENT, MINIMUM
< 300,000	40
300,000 to < 3,000,000	40
3,000,000 to < 10,000,000	45
10,000,000 to < 30,000,000	45
≥ 30,000,000	50

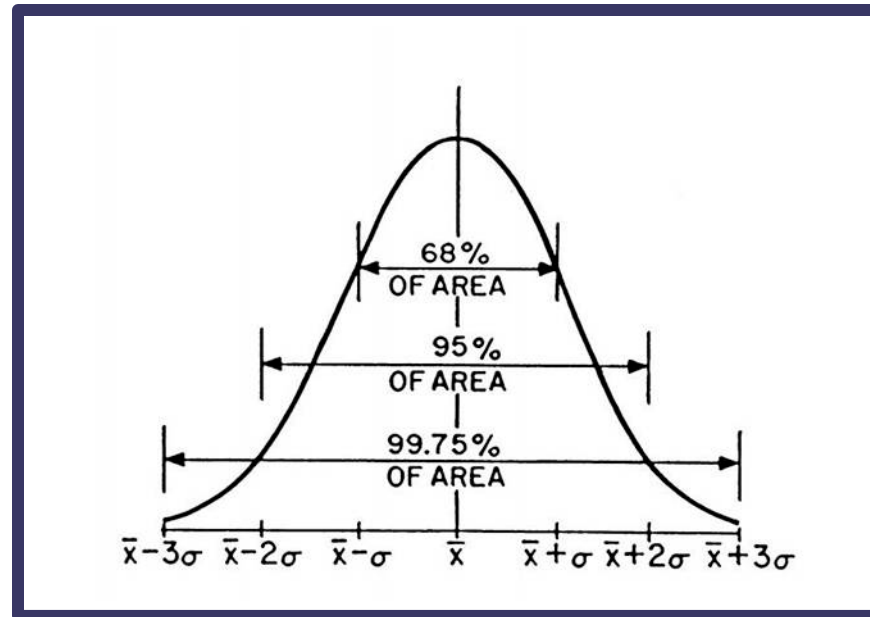


# Materials – Aggregate Acceptance



- “Yellow card” system
- Approved each stockpile
- Held up contracts if failing

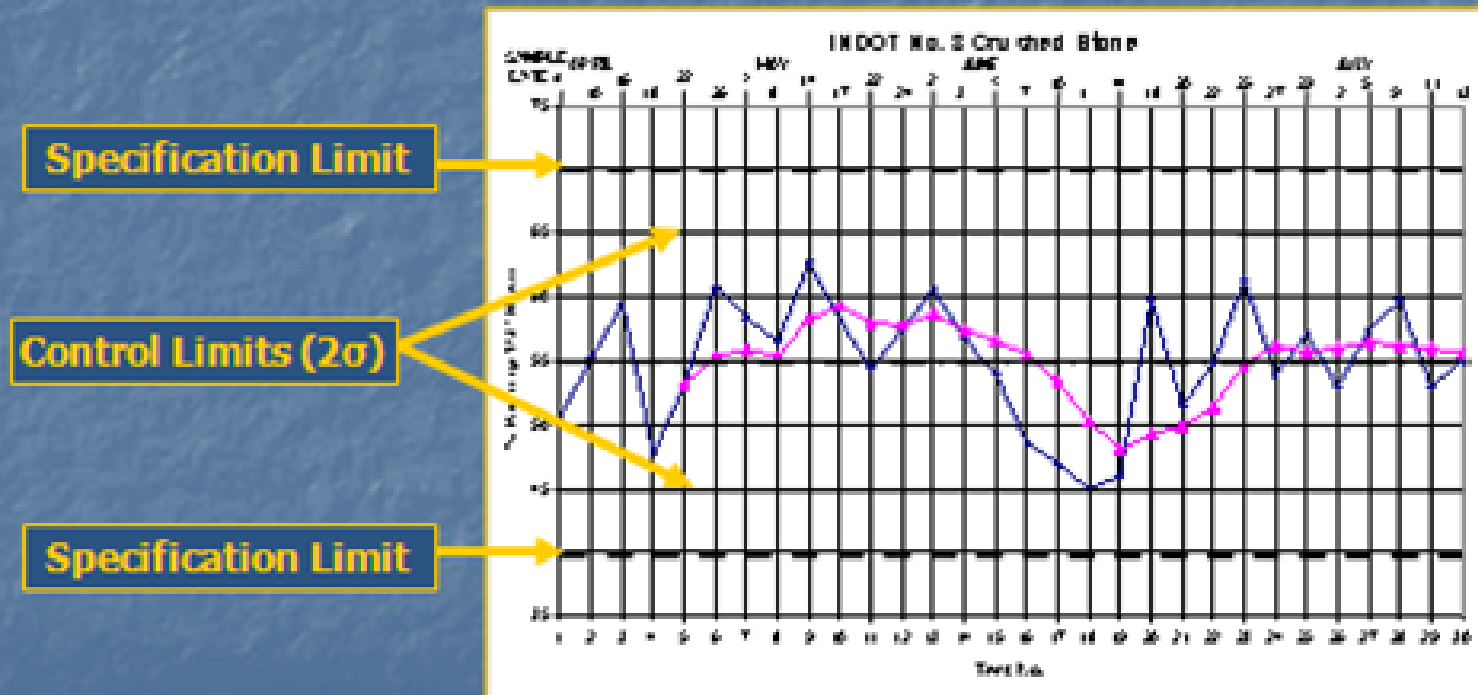
# Materials – Aggregate Acceptance (1994)



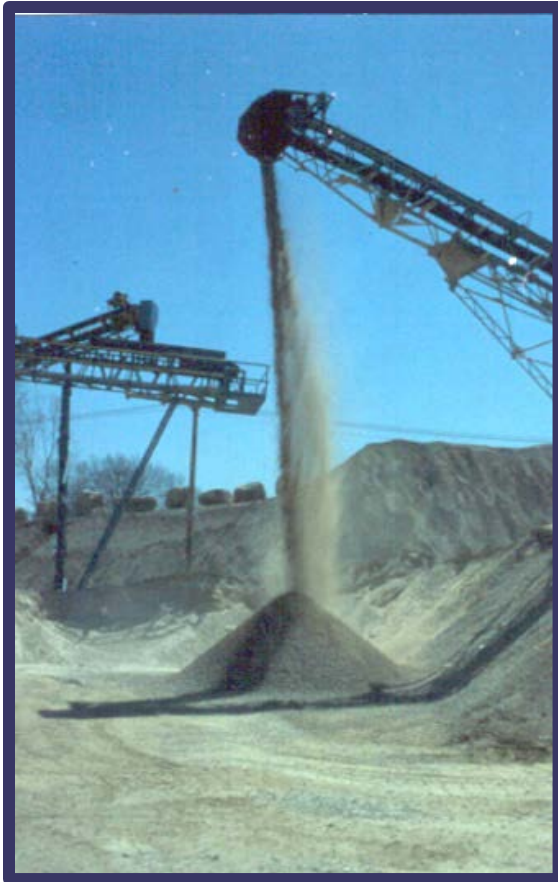
- Certified Aggregate Producer Program (CAPP)
- Statistical evaluation of coarse aggregates
- Made Producer responsible for consistency of aggregate gradation
- Ship on demand

# Materials – Aggregate Acceptance (1994)

## Control Charts



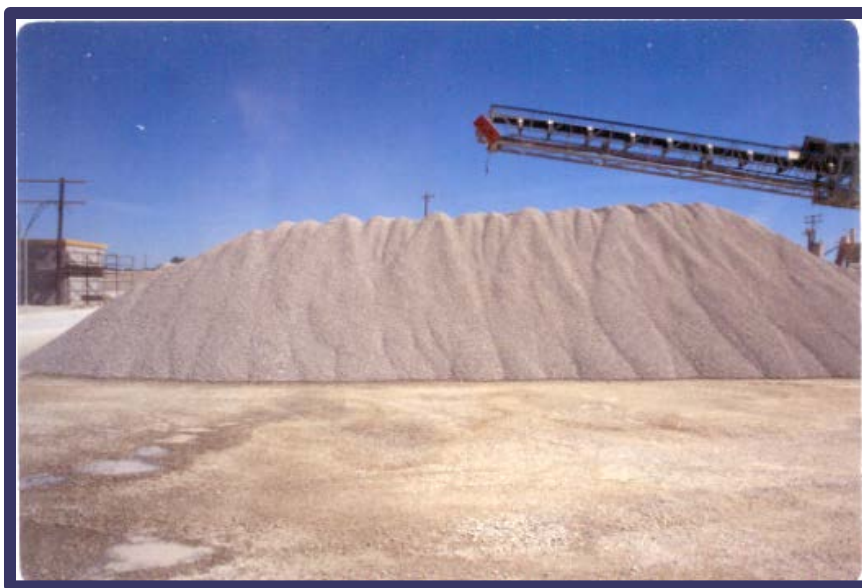
# Materials – Aggregates (CAPP)



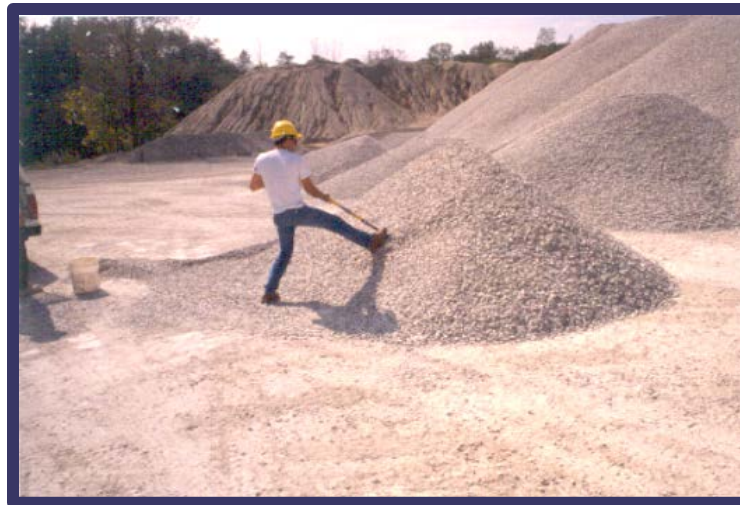
■ Stockpiling



# CAPP - Stockpiling



# CAPP – Stockpile Sampling (ITM 207)



# CAPP – Sampling Techniques



## ■ Midstream Sampling



# CAPP – Sampling Techniques



## ■ Midstream Sampling



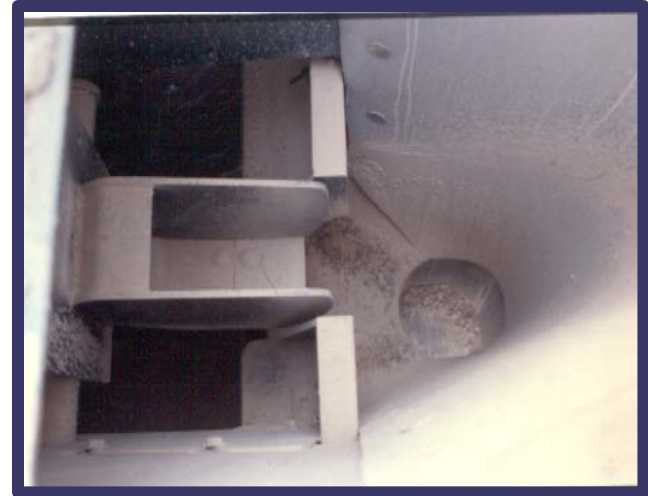
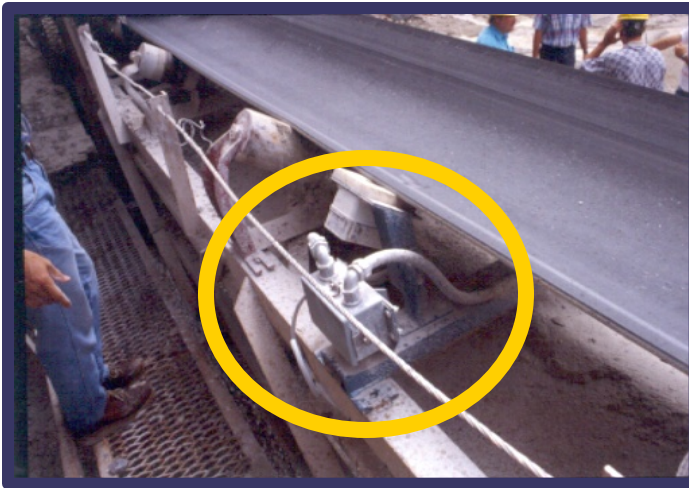
# CAPP – Midstream Sampling



# CAPP – Midstream Sampling



# CAPP – Midstream Sampling





# Blended Aggregate Sampling





# Blended Aggregate Sampling



# CAPP – Gradation Control



# CAPP – Testing

## Gradation

- **Start of Production -**  
- 1/1000t for 5000t  
with max of 2/day
- **Normal Production -**  
- 1/2000t
- **Load-Out – 1/8000t**



## CAPP – Testing

**Decant  
Each load-out sample**





## CAPP – Testing

**Deleterious  
1/week for each size**



## CAPP – Testing

**Crushed Content  
1/week for each size**



# CAPP – Testing

## Additional Tests

### FA Specific Gravity



### CA Specific Gravity



## CAPP – Testing

### Additional Tests -- FAA





# CAPP – Training

- CAPP training - 1994
- $\approx$  900 Technicians
- Currently 387 Certified Technicians



# Materials – Recycled/Waste Materials

- Air Cooled Blast Furnace Slag
- Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag
- Glass
- New Waste Asphalt Shingles
- Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles
- Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement
- Rubber
- Steel Slag
- Wet Bottom Boiler Slag



# Materials – Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement





# Materials – Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement



- RAP – Heat Transfer Method
- 50% RAP



# Materials - Recycled/Waste Materials



- Many Sizes of RAP
- Binder Replacement

# Materials - Recycled/Waste Materials



- Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles (RAS)
- Pre-consumer – 1980s
- Asbestos – Processing
- Available Quantity

# Materials - Recycled/Waste Materials



- Post Consumer Shingles
- Deleterious - AASHTO MP 15
- IDEM Legitimate Use Letter



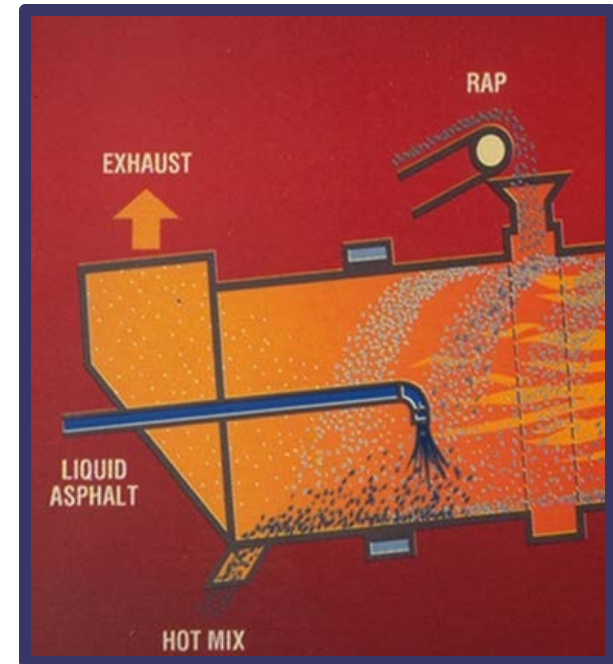
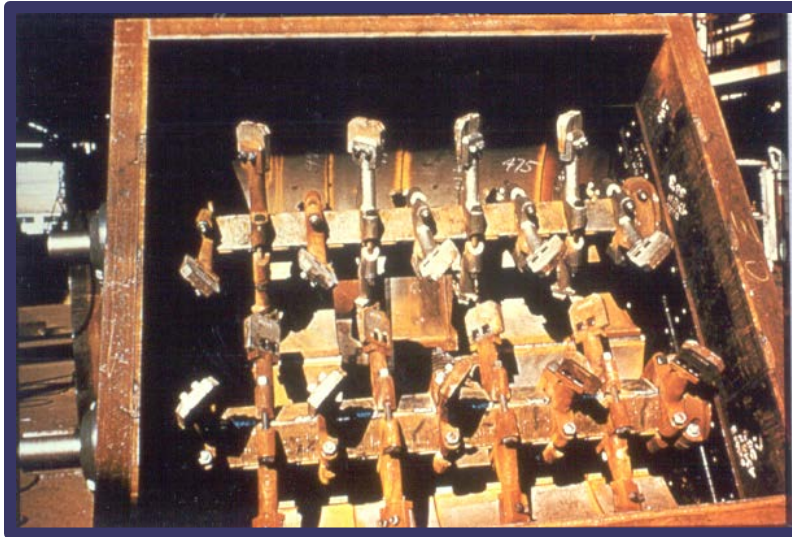
# Materials - Rubber



▪ Wet and Dry Process – 1980s



# Materials - Rubber



- Dry-Process – added rubber to pugmill
- Wet Process – rubber added to asphalt at plant \*

# Materials - Rubber

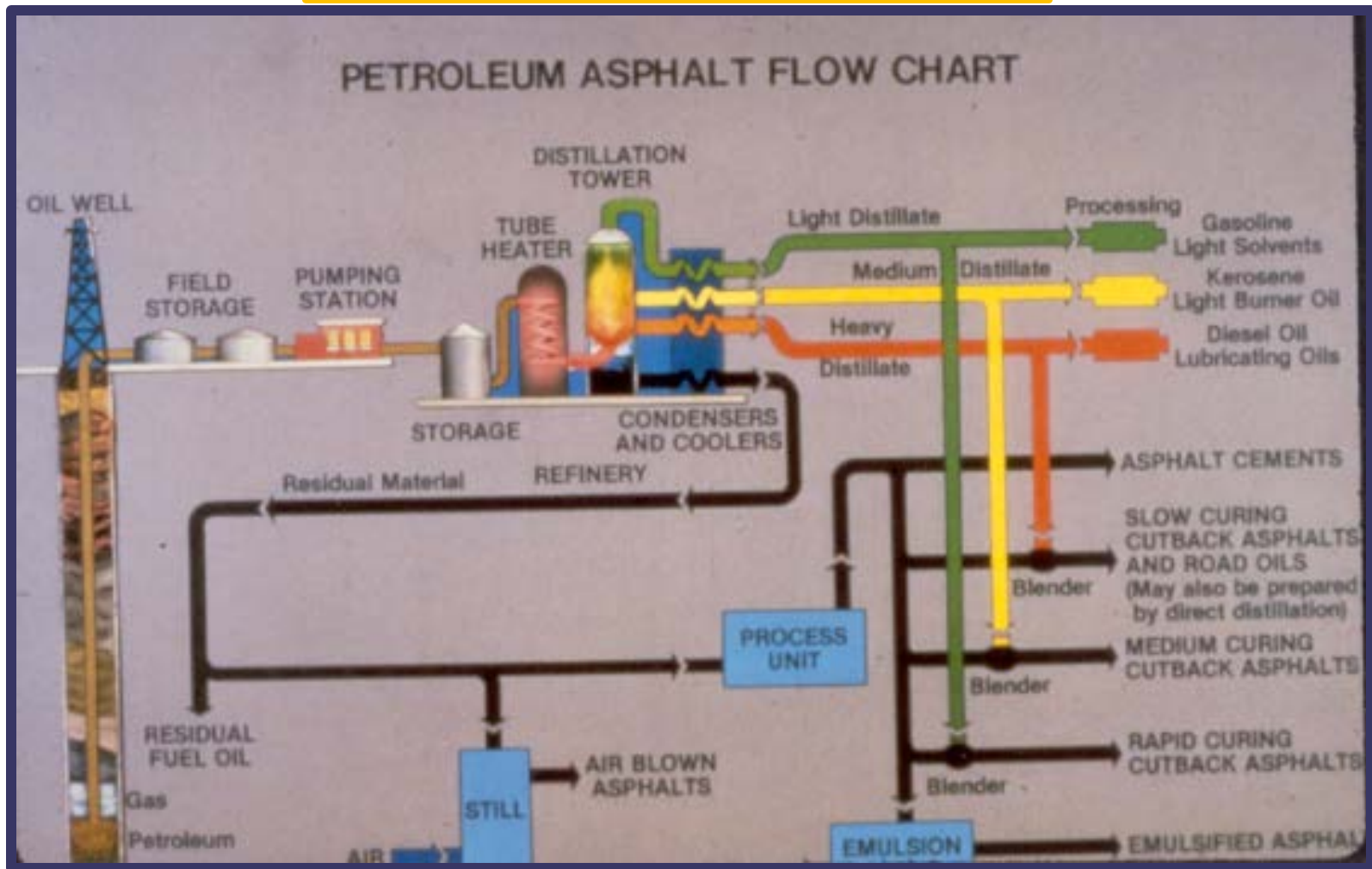


- Pyrolyzation Plant
- Carbon Black

# Materials - Porcelain



# Materials - Asphalt





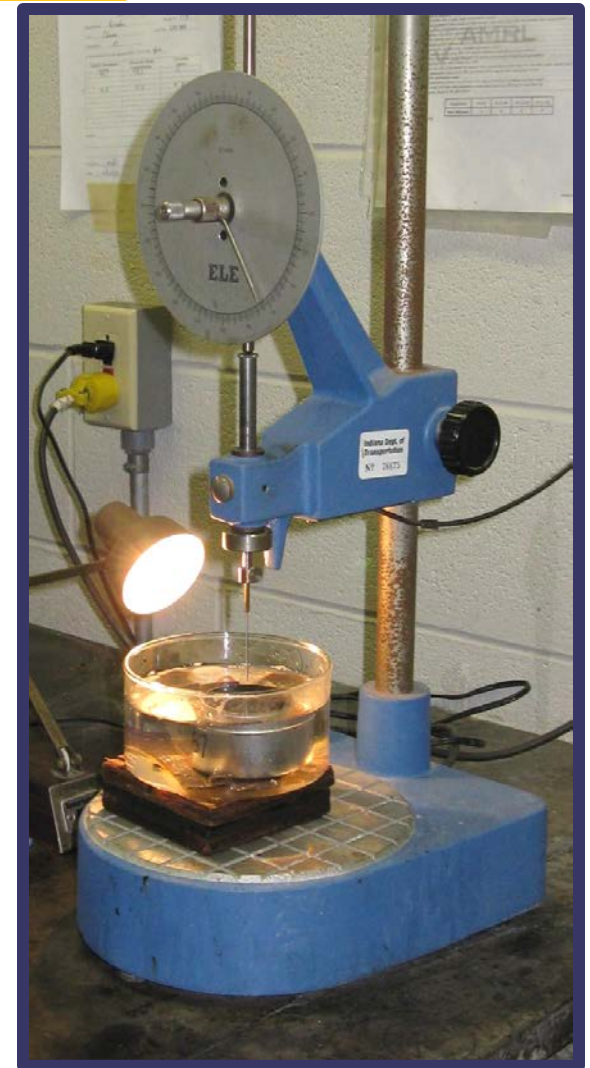
# Materials - Asphalt

- Penetration Grades – AP-3, AP-5
- Viscosity Grades – AC-20, AC-40
- PG Grades – PG 58-28, PG 64-22, PG 64-28, PG 70-22, PG 76-22



# Materials - Asphalt

- Penetration – Used to control the consistency of asphalts at 77 °F

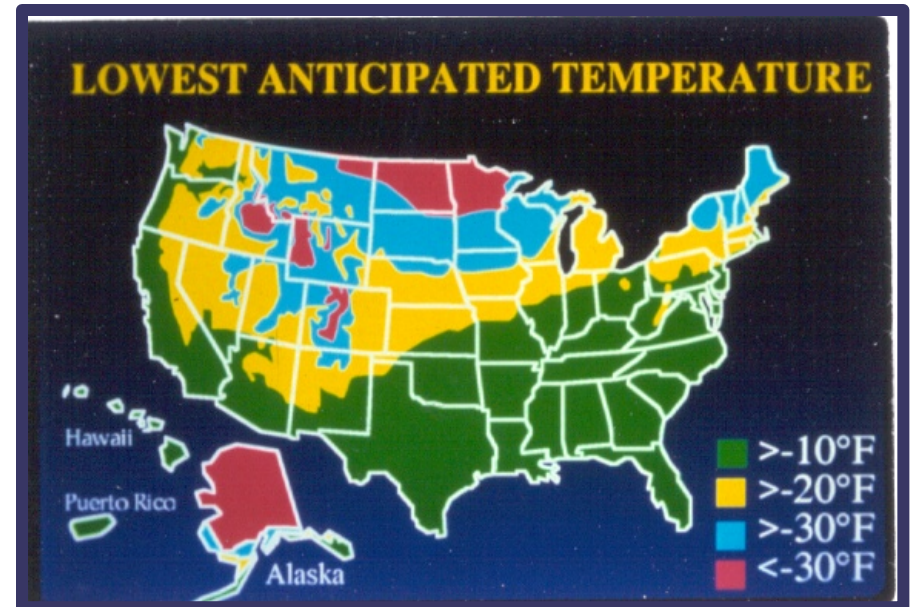
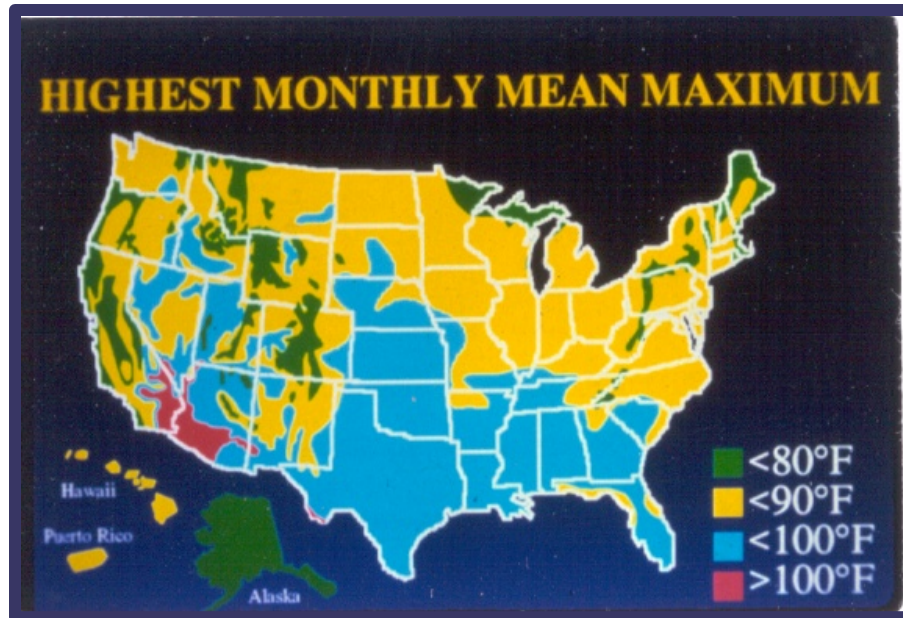


# Materials - Asphalt

- Viscosity
- Replace the empirical penetration test with a scientific test
- Measures the consistency at 140°F which better approximates the pavement surface temperature

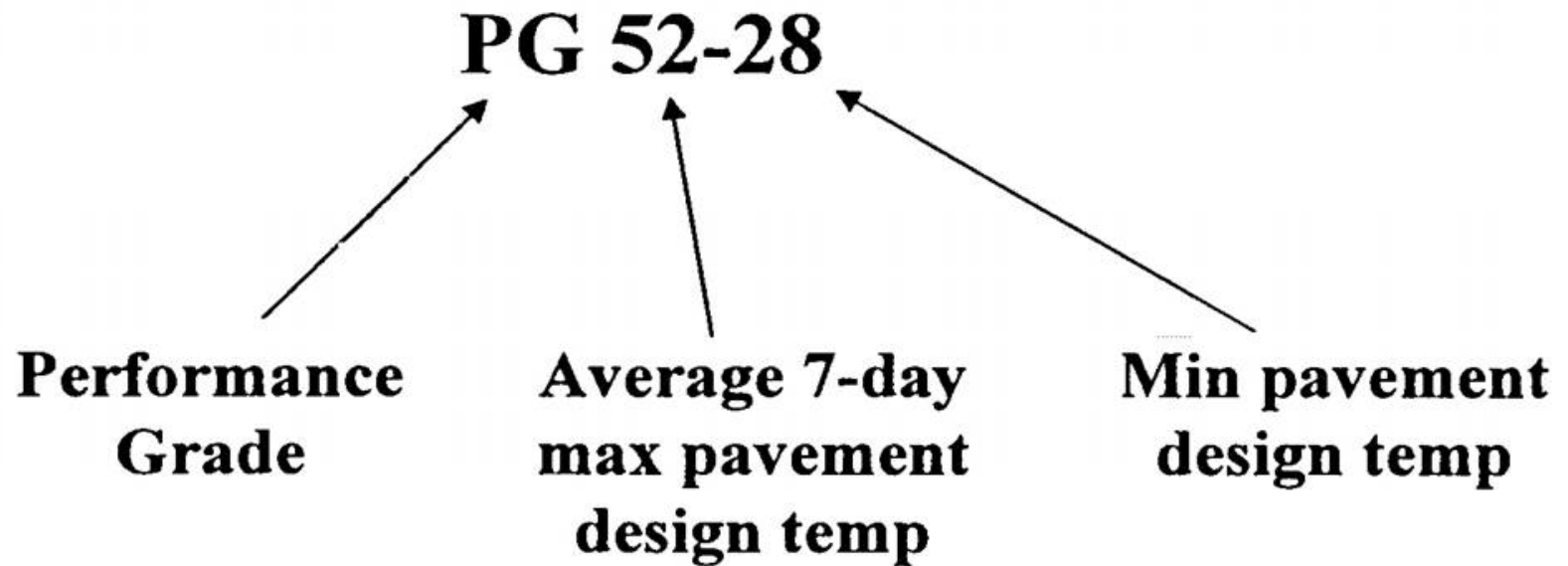


# Asphalt – Performance Graded

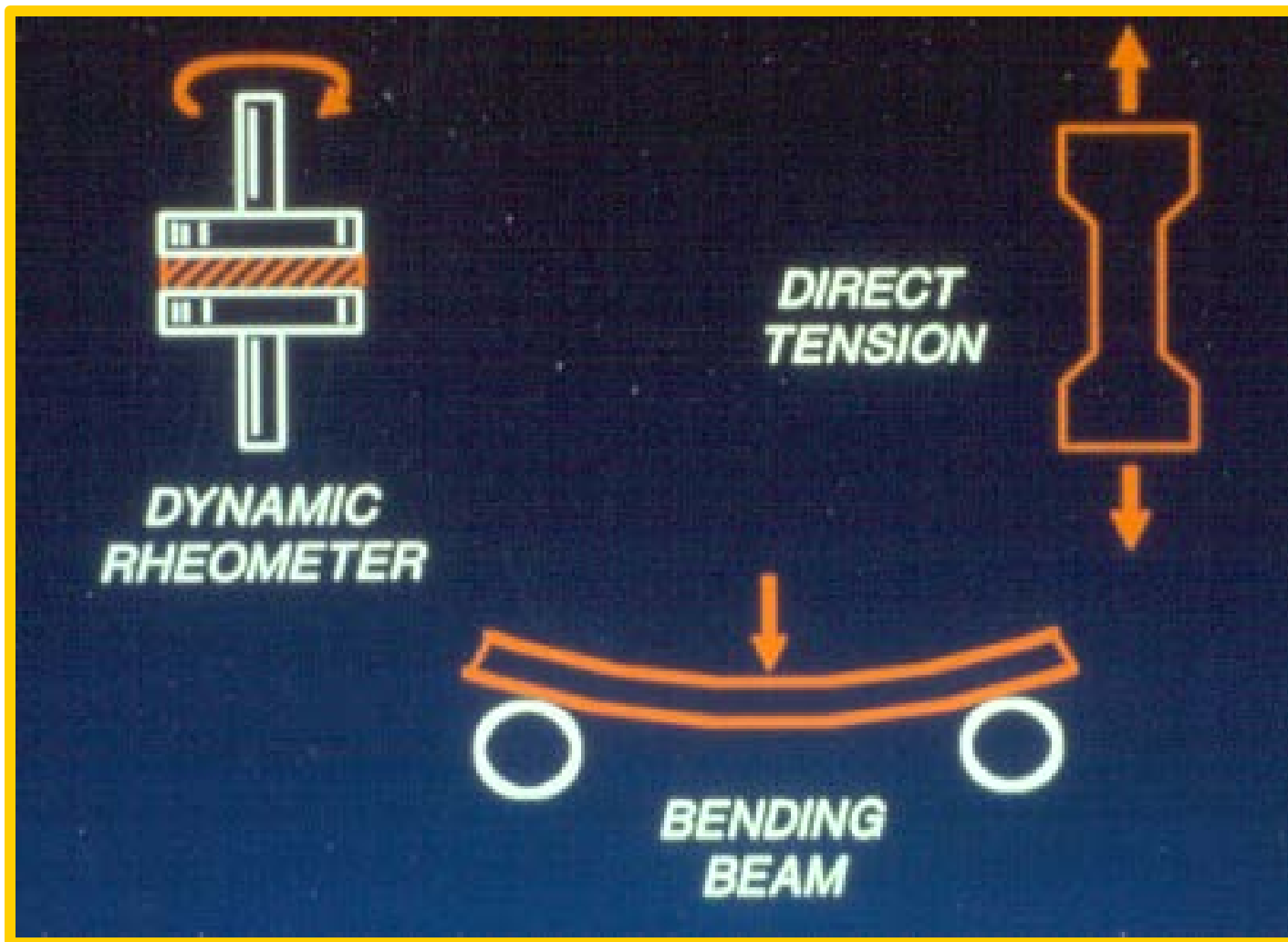




# Performance Graded Binders

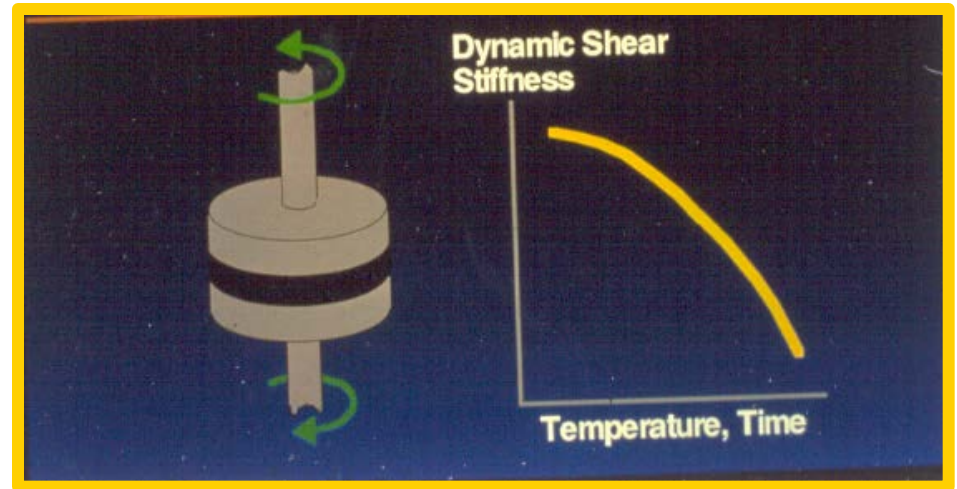


## Performance Graded Binders



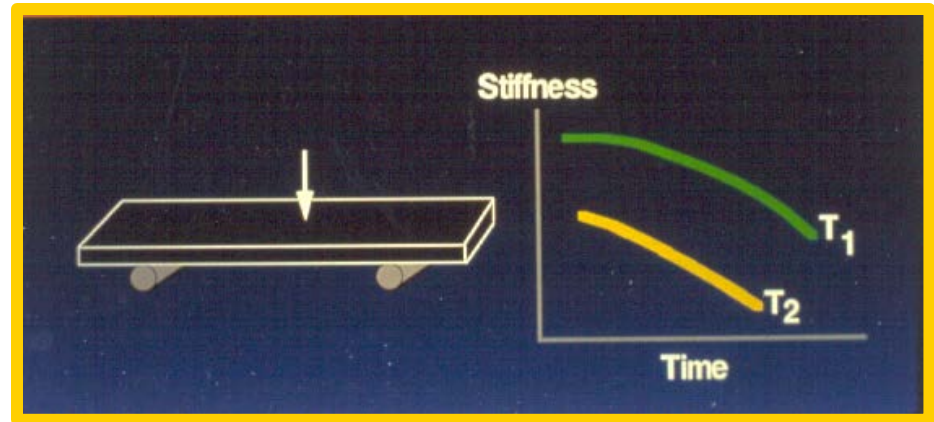
# Performance Graded Binders

- **Dynamic Shear Rheometer**
  - Evaluates binders at upper and intermediate temperatures where rutting and fatigue cracking occur



# Performance Graded Binders

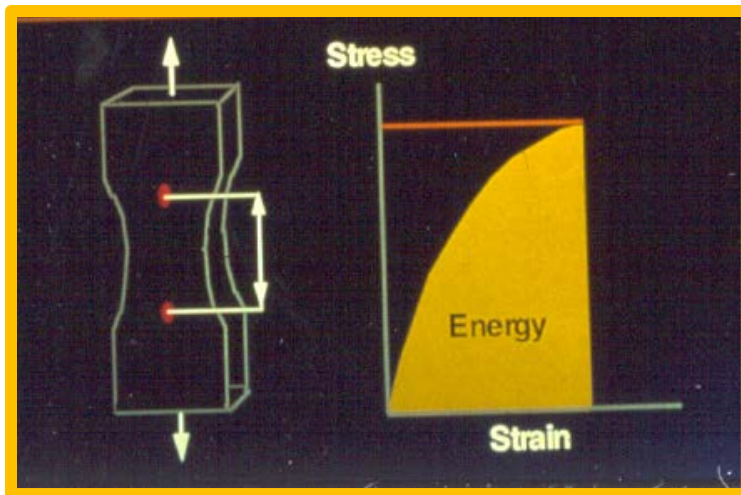
- **Bending Beam**
  - Measures low temperature stiffness which relates to thermal cracking





# Performance Graded Binders

- **Direct Tension**
  - Used to estimate the low temperature failure properties of the binder



# Asphalt – Quality Control



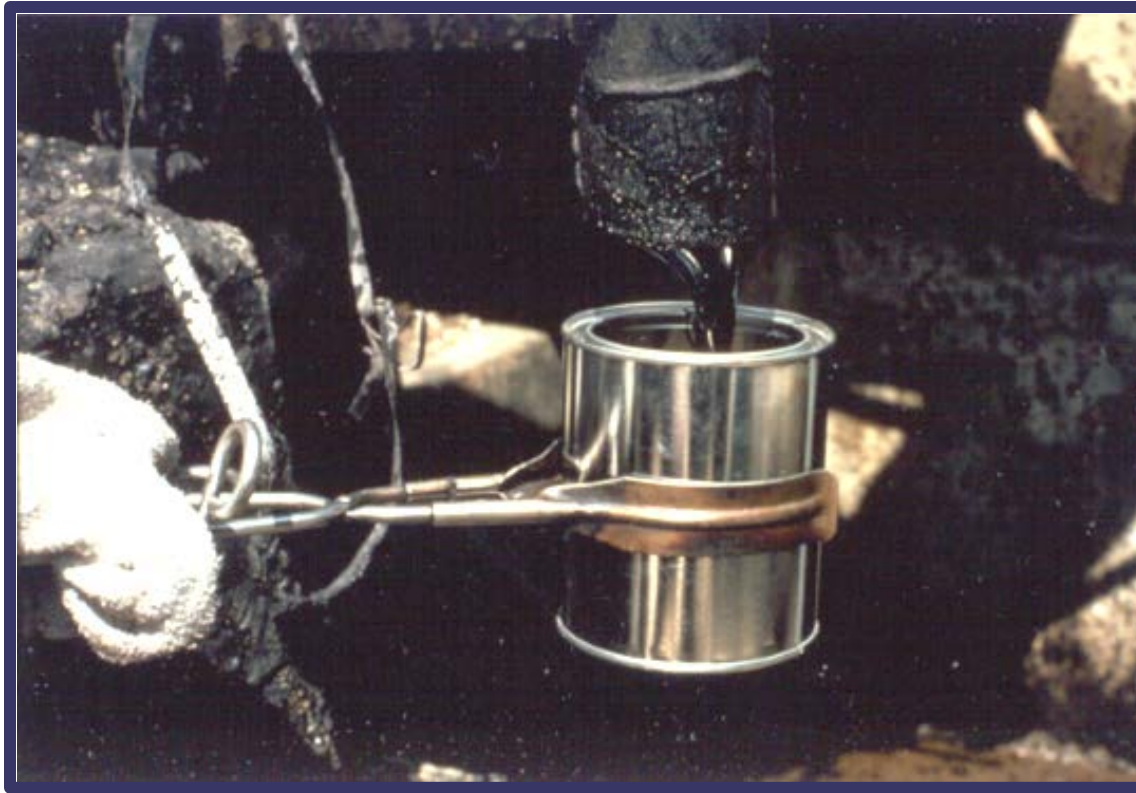
- **Asphalt Supplier Certification (ASC) Program**  
(39 sources – 28 fully & 11 partially approved)
  - Materials testing – AASHTO M 320
  - Quality Control Plan
  - Participation in AASHTO AMRL equipment inspection and proficiency sample program

## ASC Program



- Supplies a shipping report for each load certifying the PG binder has been manufactured according to the ASC program
- Supplies a Type A certification for PG 58-28 and PG 64-22
- Furnishes instructions with each PG binder on the proper storage and handling of the material

## Binder – Quality Assurance



- Acceptance is based on samples taken at the plant except for PG 58-28 and PG 64-22

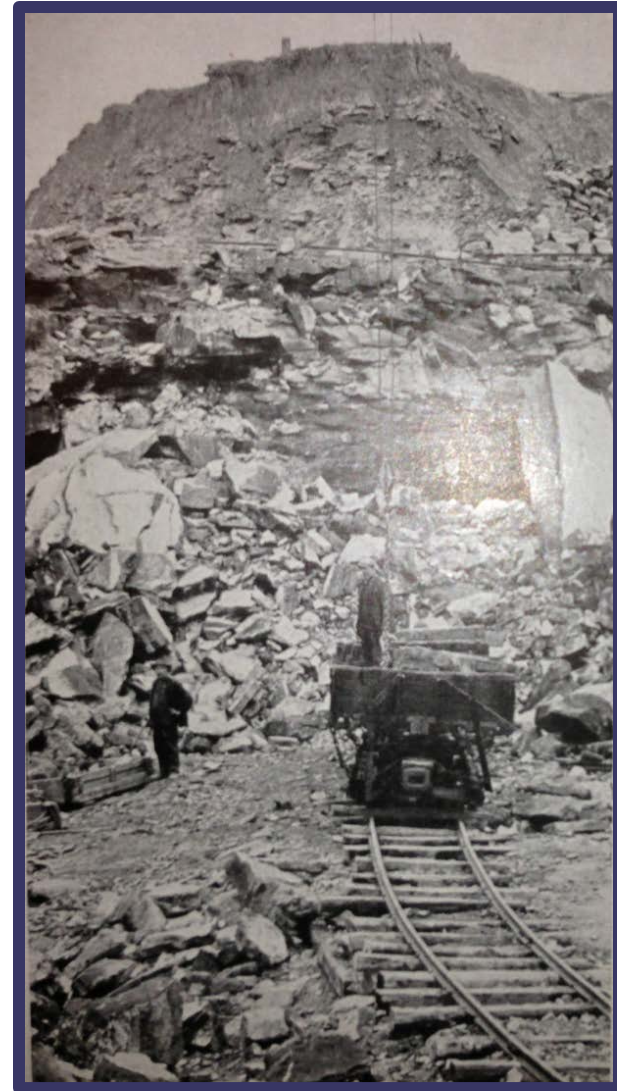
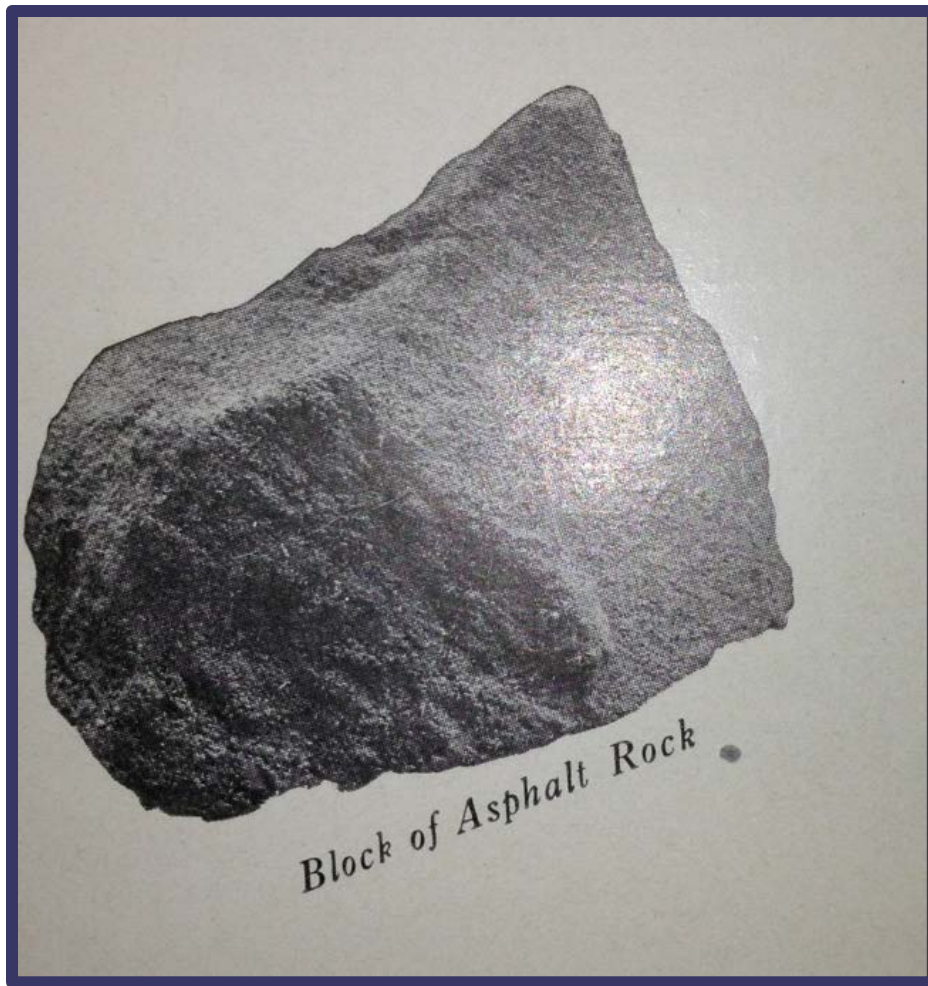


## In-Line Blending



- SBR polymer latex
- PG-58-28 → PG 64-28
- PG 64-22 → PG 70-22

# Mixtures – Kentucky Rock Asphalt (Kyrock)



# Mixtures – Kentucky Rock Asphalt (Kyrock)





# Mixtures

- Dense Graded - standard
- Open Graded – drainage layers & surface mixtures
- Sand Surface – high friction resistant
- Stone Matrix Asphalt – rut resistant surface





## Mix Designs - Hveem

- **Kneading Compactor**  
– applies pressure to the specimen through hydraulically operated tamper foot



## Mix Designs - Hveem

- Stabilometer – ability to resist shear forces applied by wheel loads



## Mix Designs - Hveem

- Cohesimeter – measured the tensile property of the mixture that was related to a minimum level to prevent raveling of surface mixes



## Mix Designs - Marshall



**Developed as method that which could be taken to the field for quality control purposes**



# Mix Designs - Marshall

- Started in 1984 as a mix design and quality control procedure

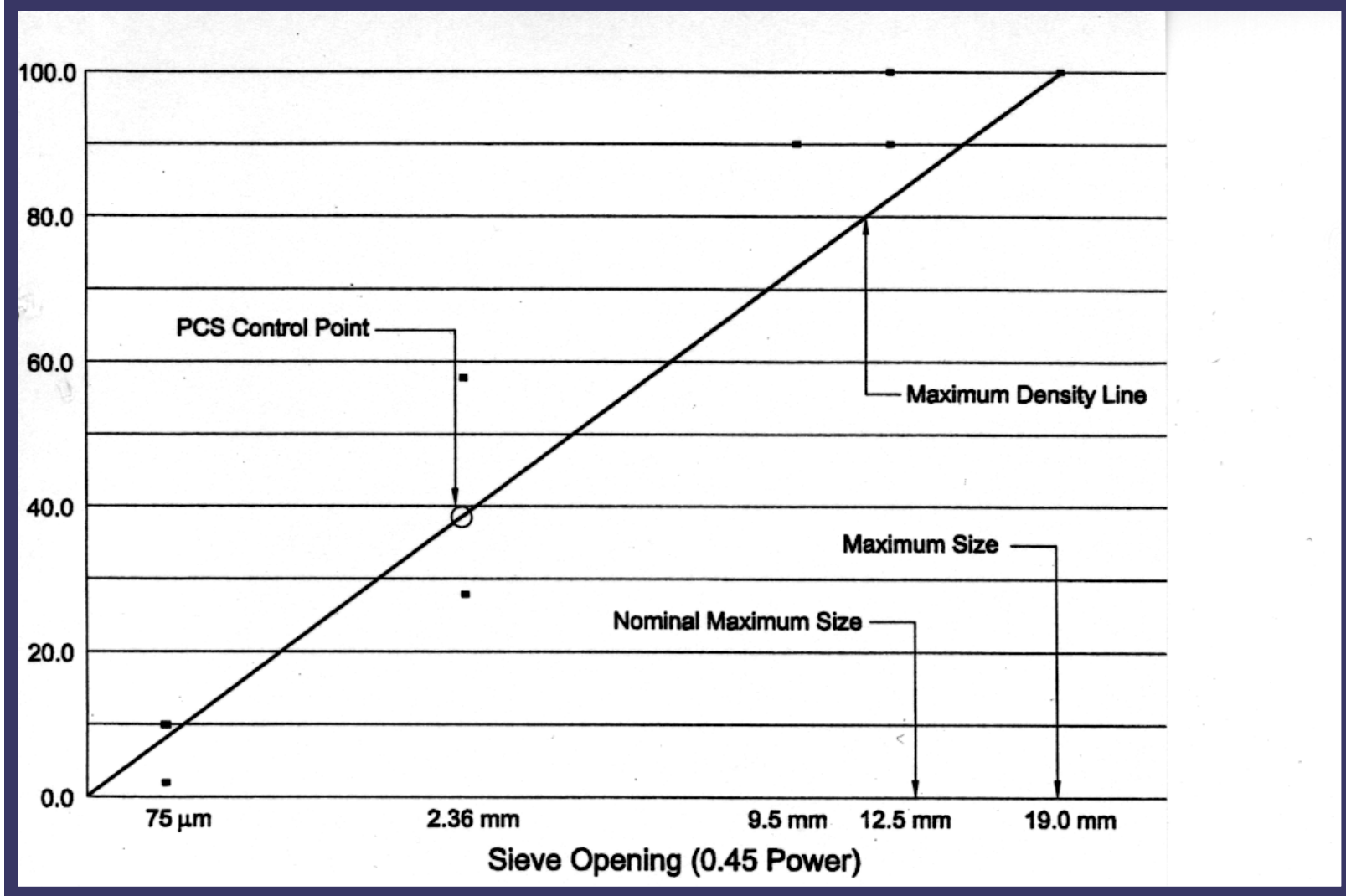


## Mix Designs – Superpave (1990s)

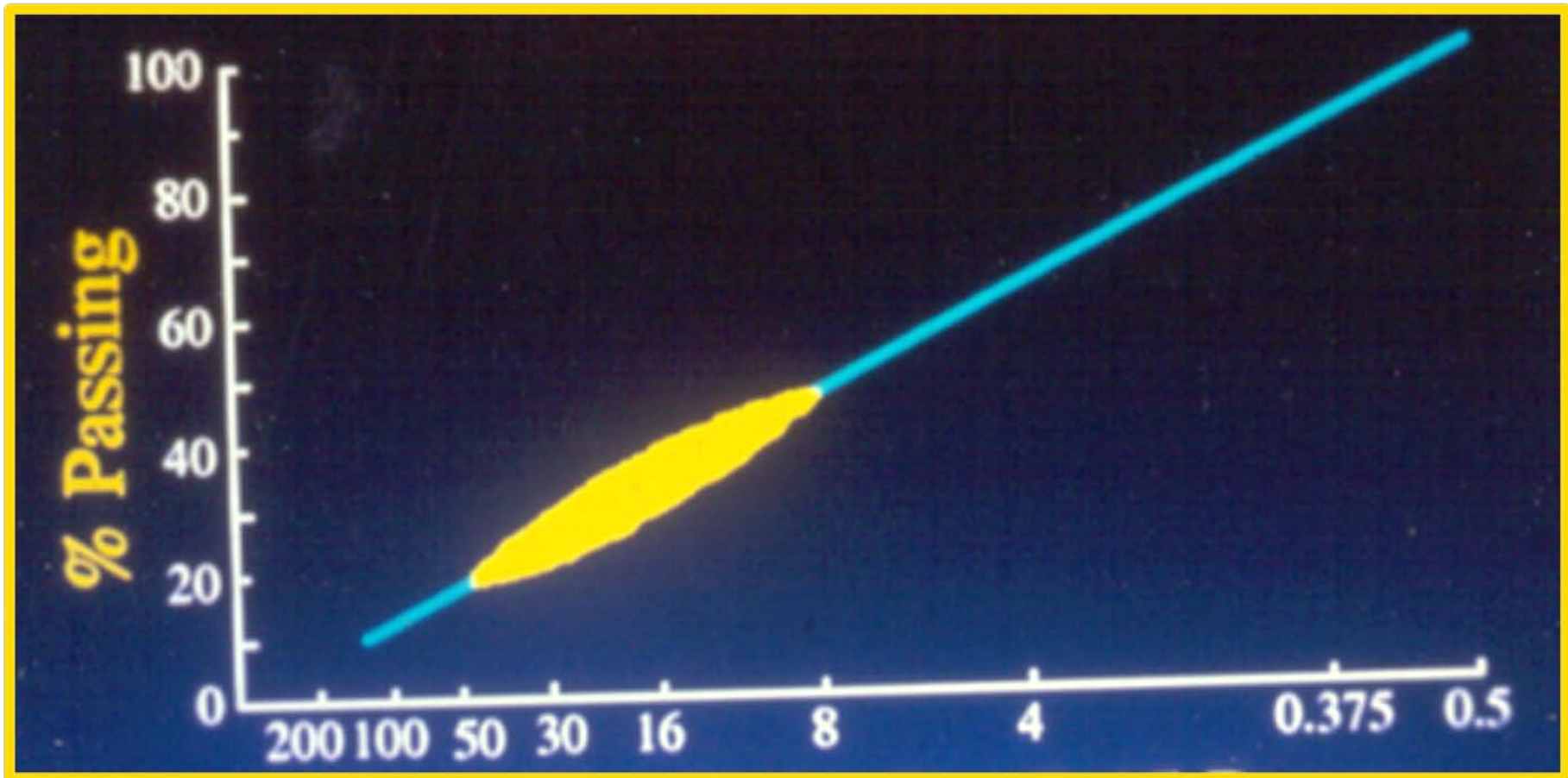
- Gyrotory compactor - orients the aggregate particles in a way similar to that observed in the field
- Number of gyrations are varied to simulate anticipated traffic
- Mixtures designed at 4.0% air voids
- Seven manufacturers & 12 models approved



# Mix Design - Superpave

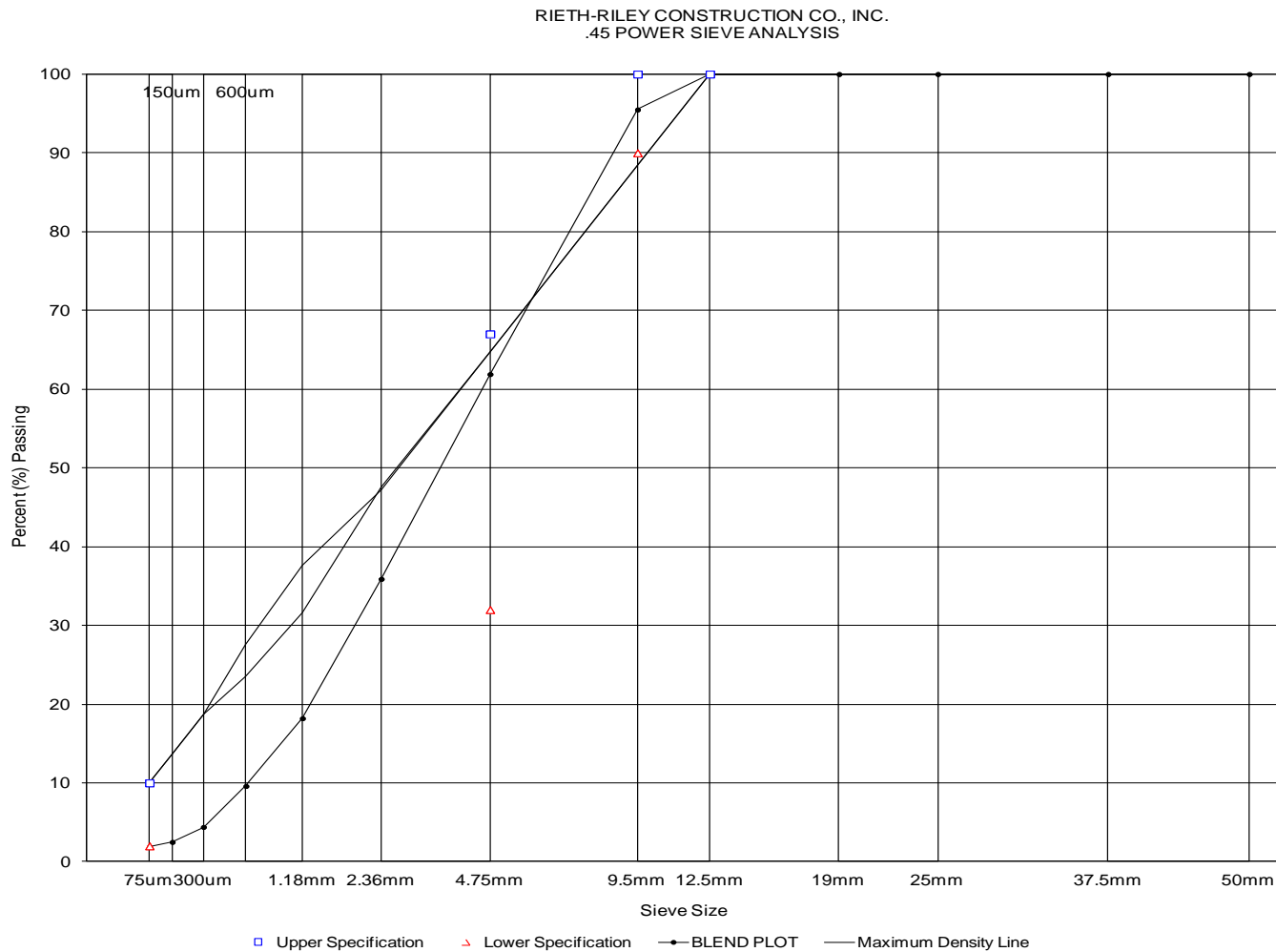


# Mix Design - Superpave





# Mix Design - Superpave



## HMA – Plant Sampling



**Truck Sampling - Dense Graded, Open Graded & Sand Mix**

# Core Sampling - Density



# Plate Sampling

- Final Place of Material
- Requires good coordination of plant, trucks and paving crew to obtain uniform mixture

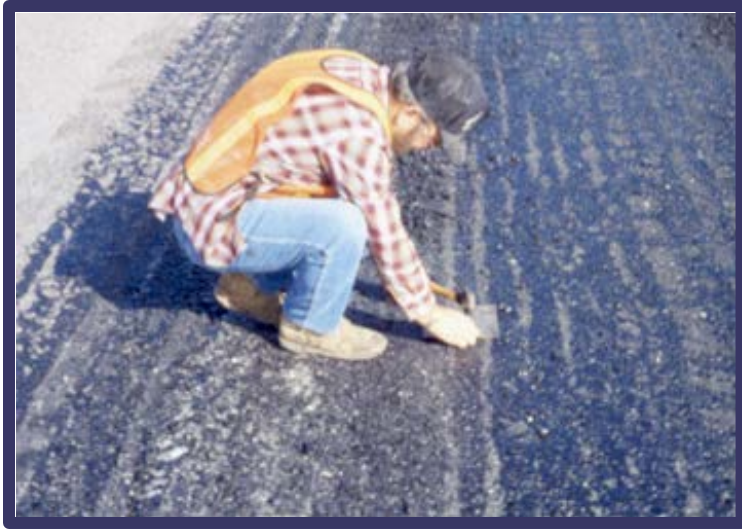




# Plate Sampling



# Plate Sampling





# Plate Sampling

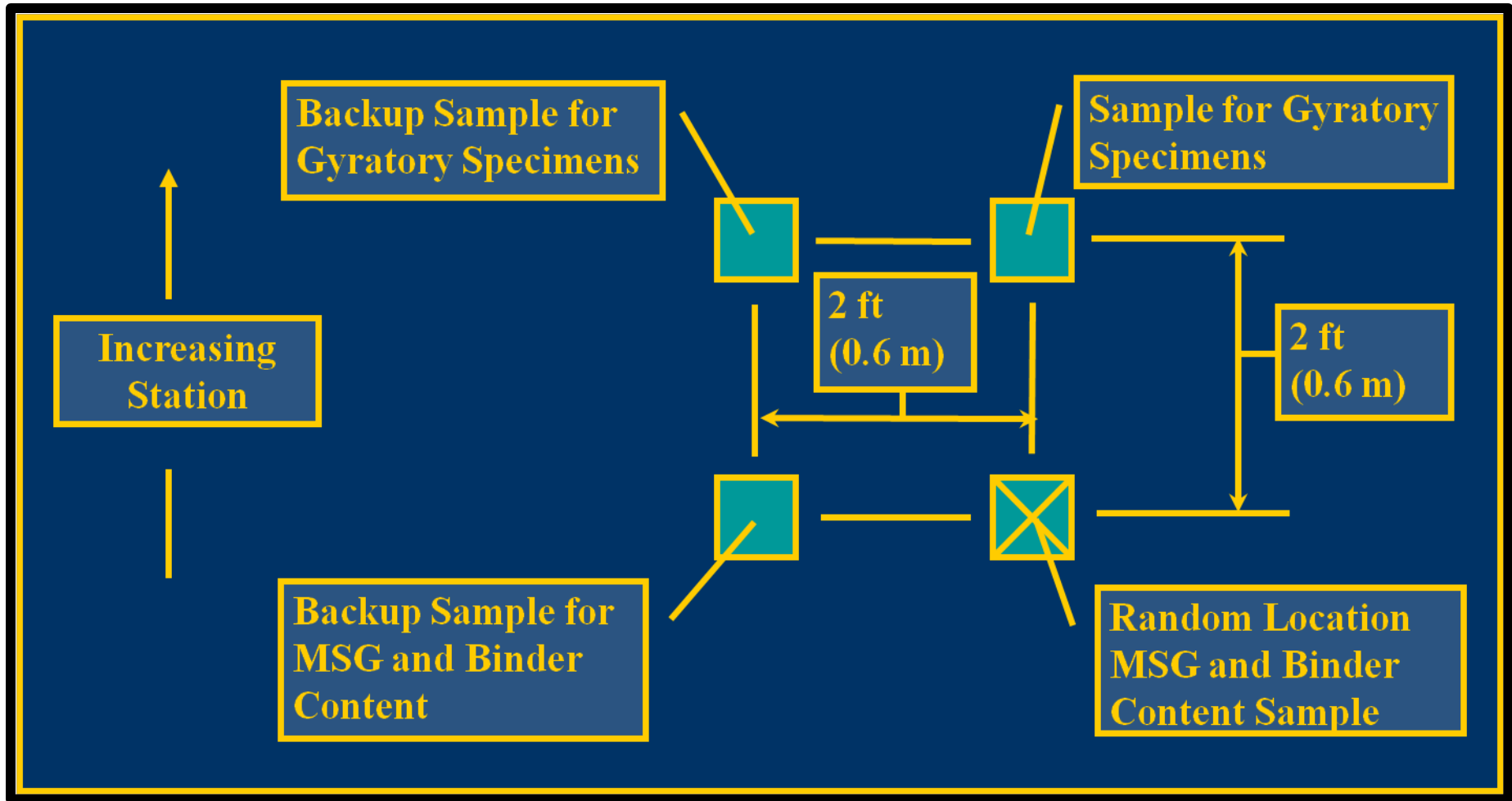


# Plate Sampling





# Plate Sampling



## HMA – Testing

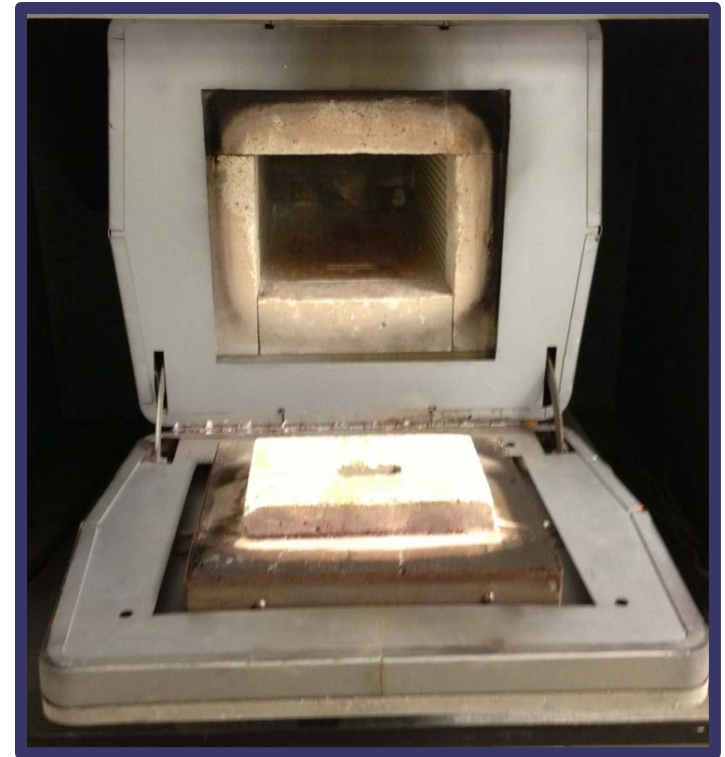
- Gradation
- Asphalt Content
- Air Voids
- VMA
- Density
- Smoothness



# Testing - Gradation



# HMA – Asphalt Content



- Centrifuge Extractor
  - Asphalt content with fines recovery
  - Recovery of asphalt for further testing



# HMA – Asphalt Content



- Vacuum Extractor
  - Asphalt content with fines recovery
  - Biodegradable solvents – film on aggregate

# HMA – Asphalt Content



- Ignition Oven
  - Total asphalt content
  - High Mg aggregates

# HMA – Air Voids





# HMA – Air Voids



- Bulk Specific Gravity
- Maximum Specific Gravity – weighing in water

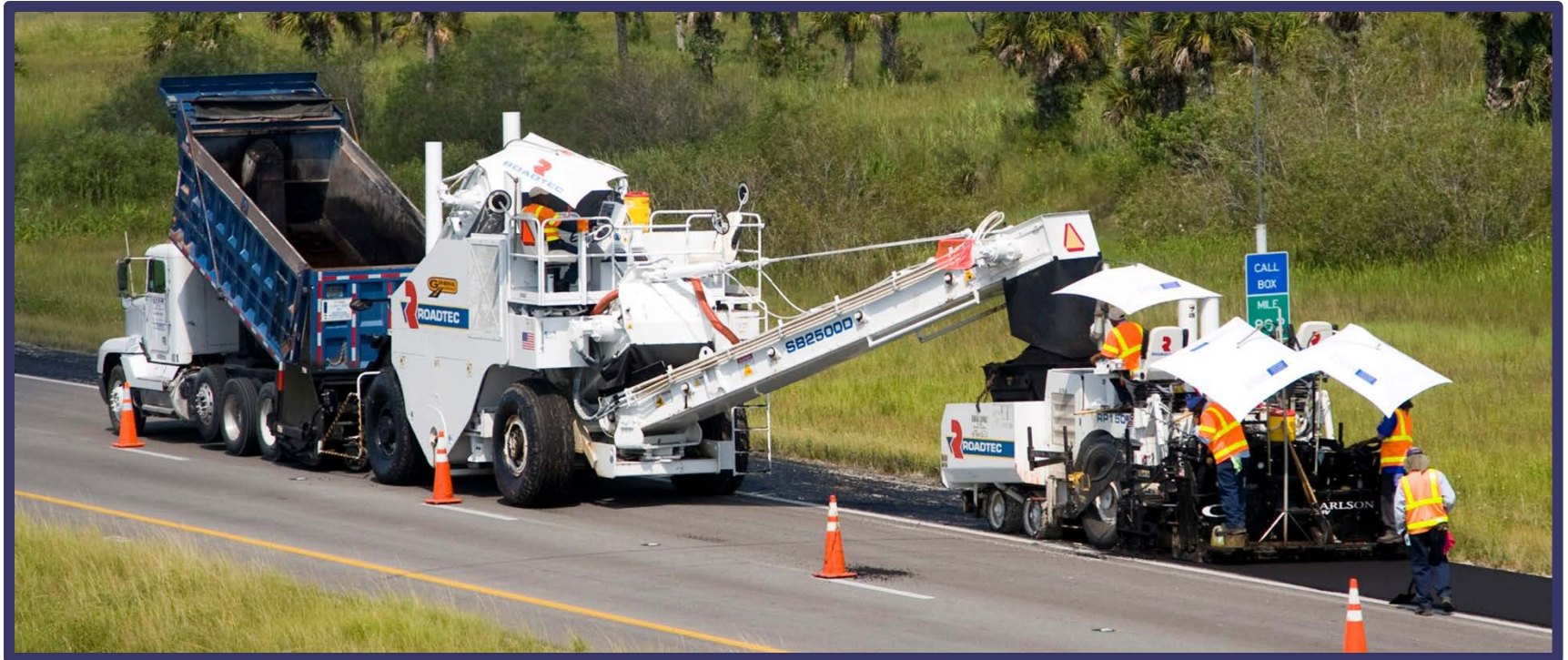


# HMA – Density



- Nuclear Gauge - nondestructive
- Cores

# HMA – Equipment



# HMA- Plants

- Continuous
- Batch
- Parallel - flow
- Counter - flow



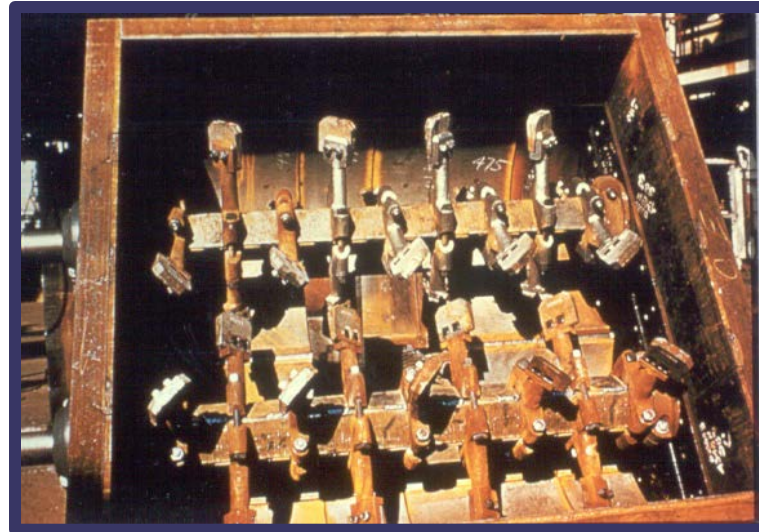


# Continuous – Mix Plants

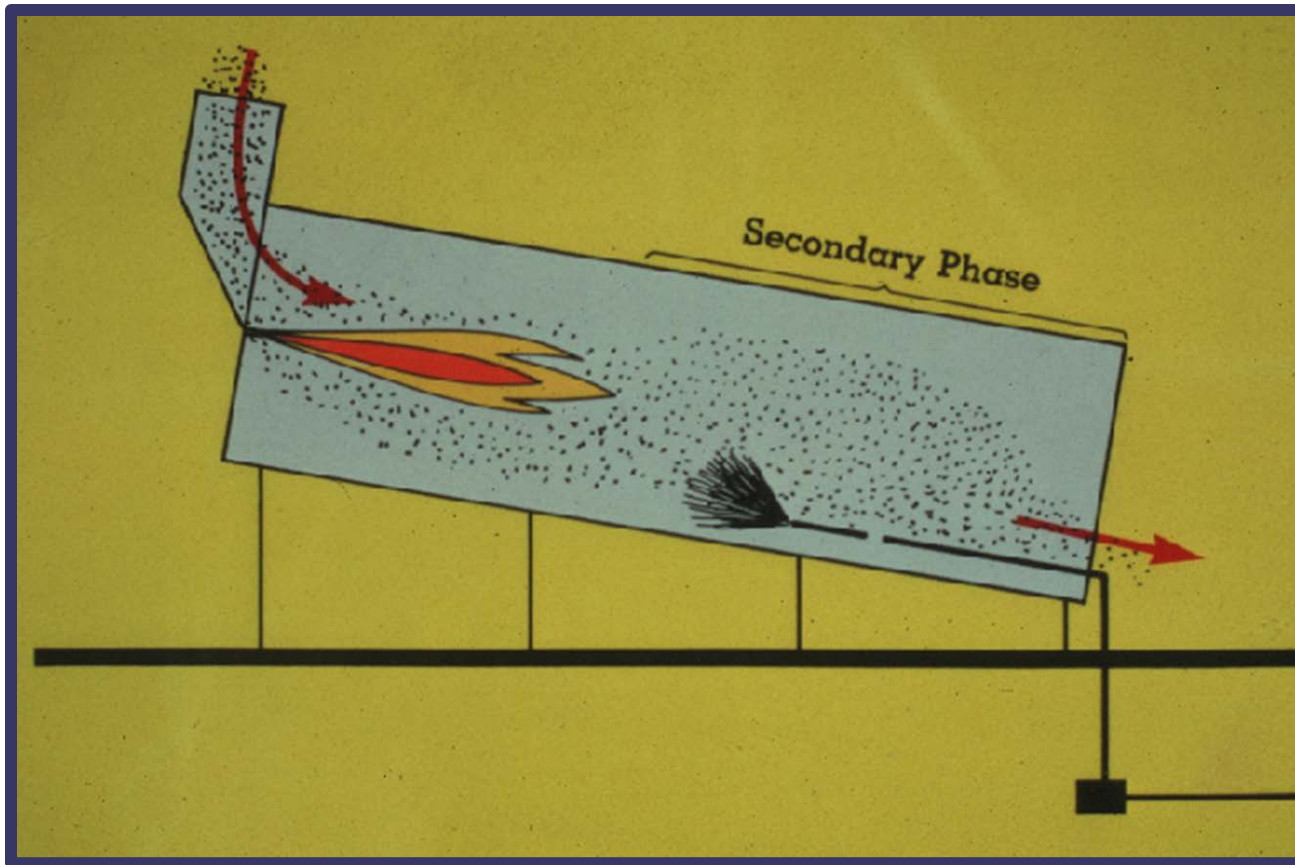




# Batch Plants



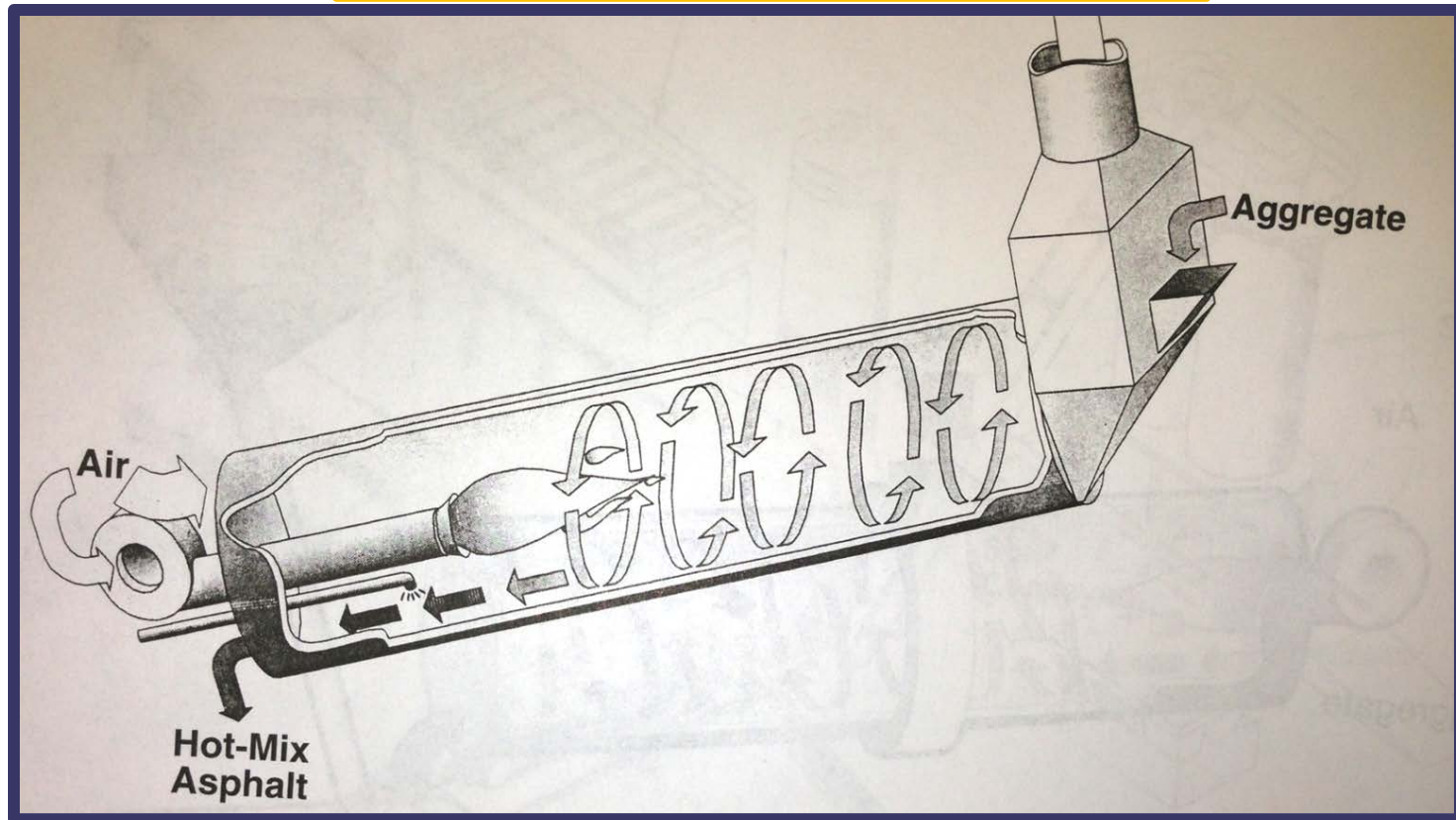
## Parallel-Flow Drum Plant



Mixture exposed to dryer burner - emissions



# Counter -Flow Plants



**Improve the heat transfer process inside the drum and reduce plant emissions**

## Double Barrel Plants



**Protects the RAP from high-temperature exhaust gases and reduces visible emissions**



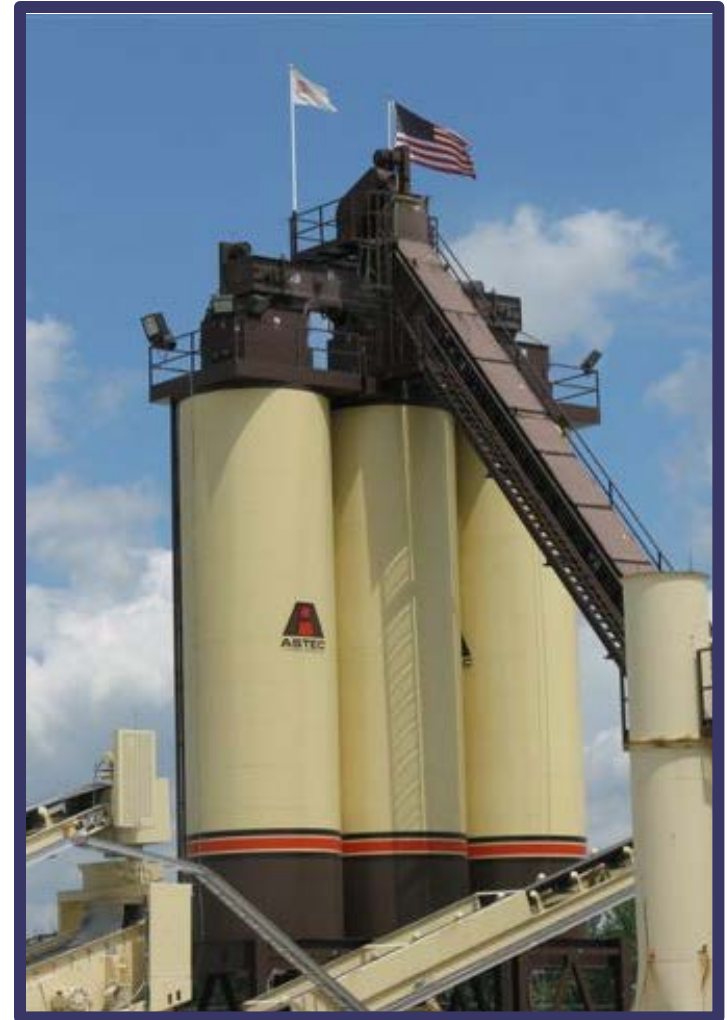
# Warm Mix Asphalt – 54 plants



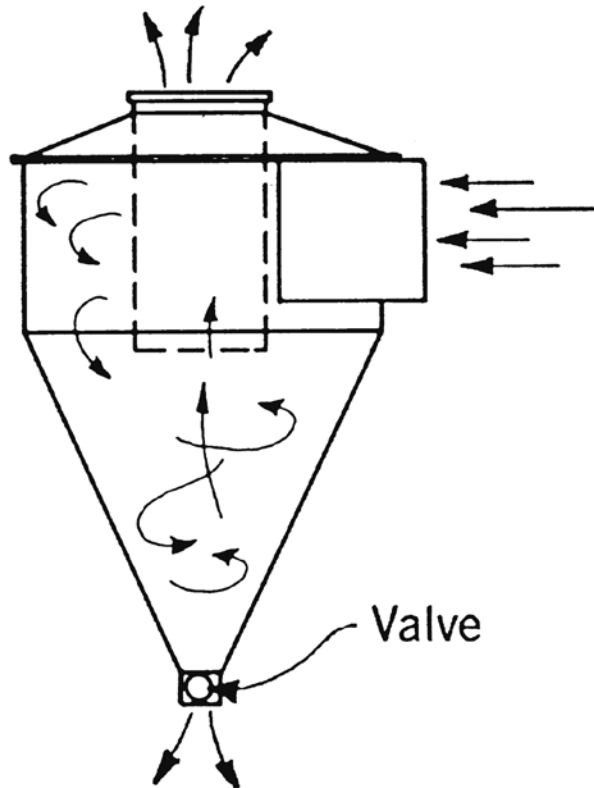
- Water Injection --  $< 0.1\%$  moisture in mix
- 250 – 260° F – reduces emissions
- Approximately 14% reduction in fuel
- Improves coating
- Mixture cools slower – longer haul distances

## Surge Bins

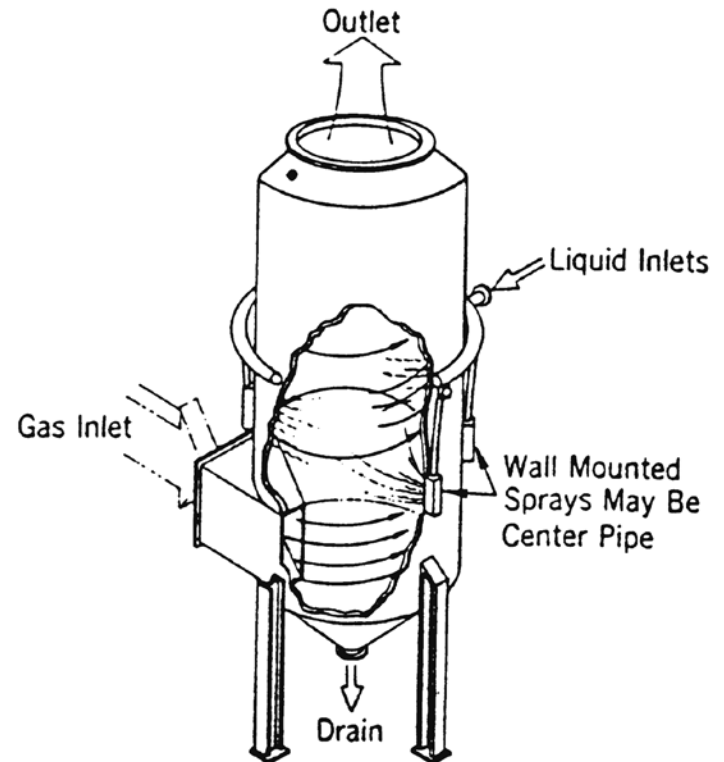
- Allows continuous flow of mix to contract
- Length of storage – hardening of asphalt and draindown



# Dust Collectors



## Cyclone



## Wet Scrubber

# Baghouse



**Allowed return of fines to mixture**

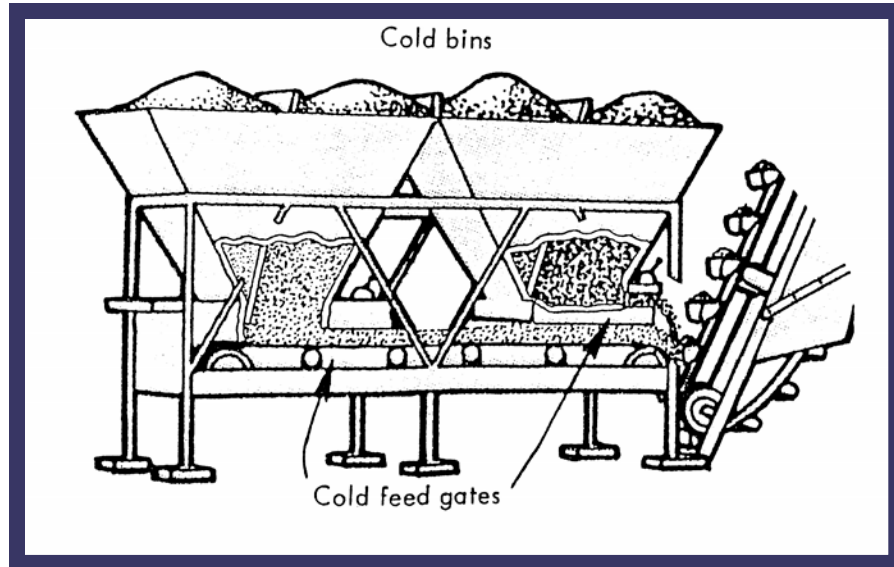


# Baghouse Fines

- Uniform return of the fines
- Calibration of fines vs rate of return



# Cold Feed Bins



# Cold Feed Bins



# Cold Feed Bins

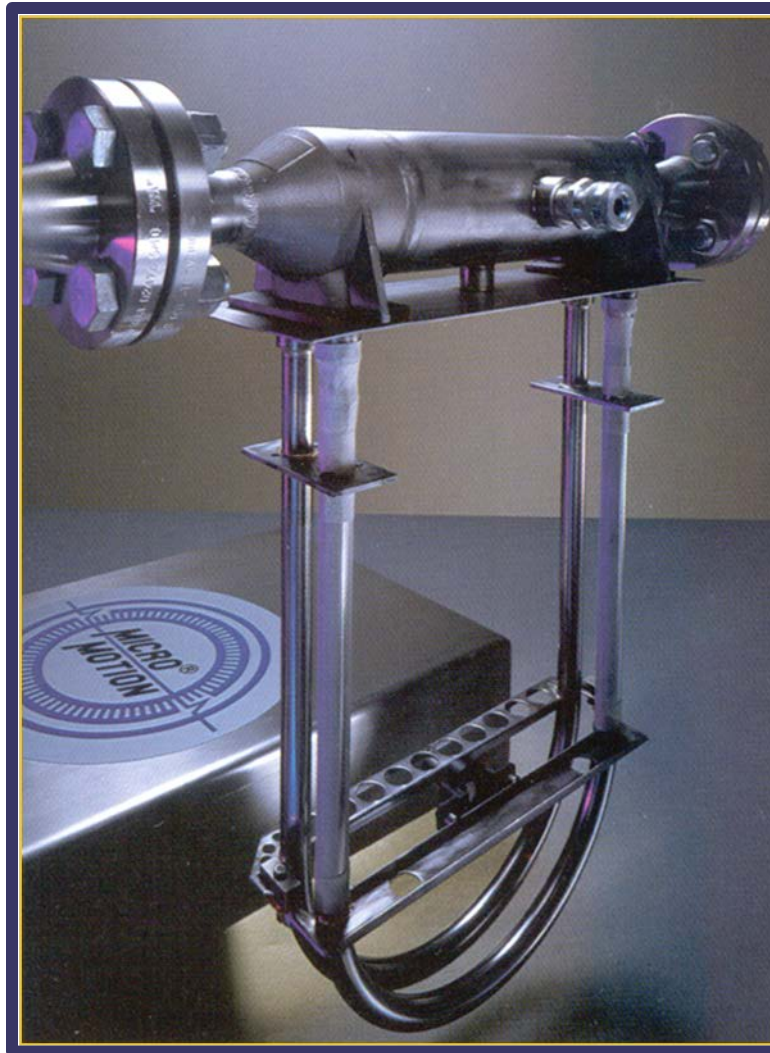




# Asphalt Storage



# Mass Flow Meters



# Trucks





# Trucks – Anti Adhesive Agents



- Approved List
- Truck Beds raised after application of non-foaming agents



# Trucks – Anti Adhesive Agents

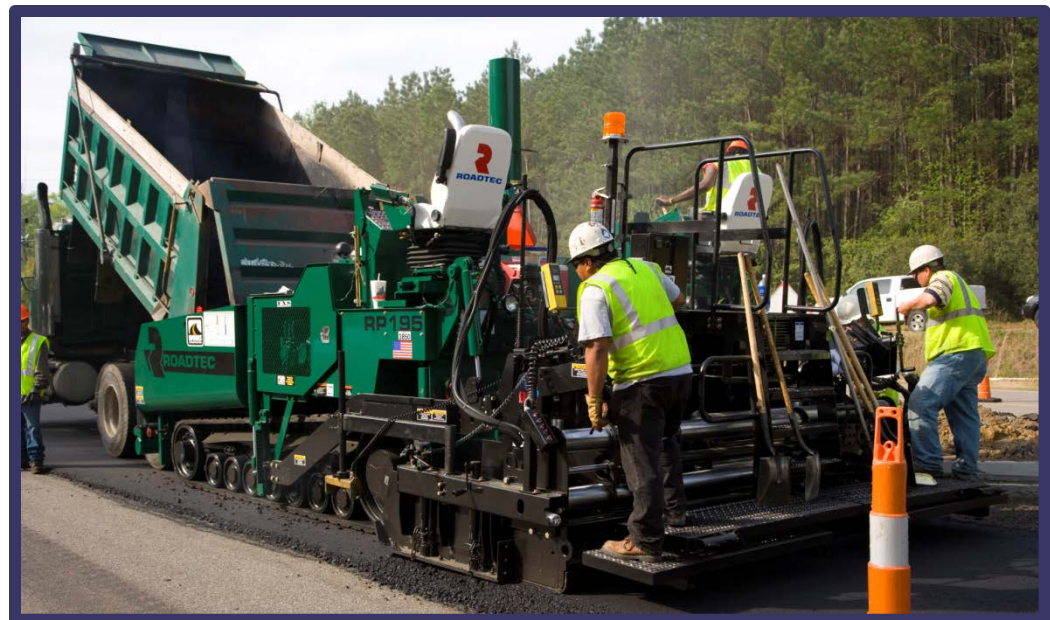


# Trucks – Anti Adhesive Agents

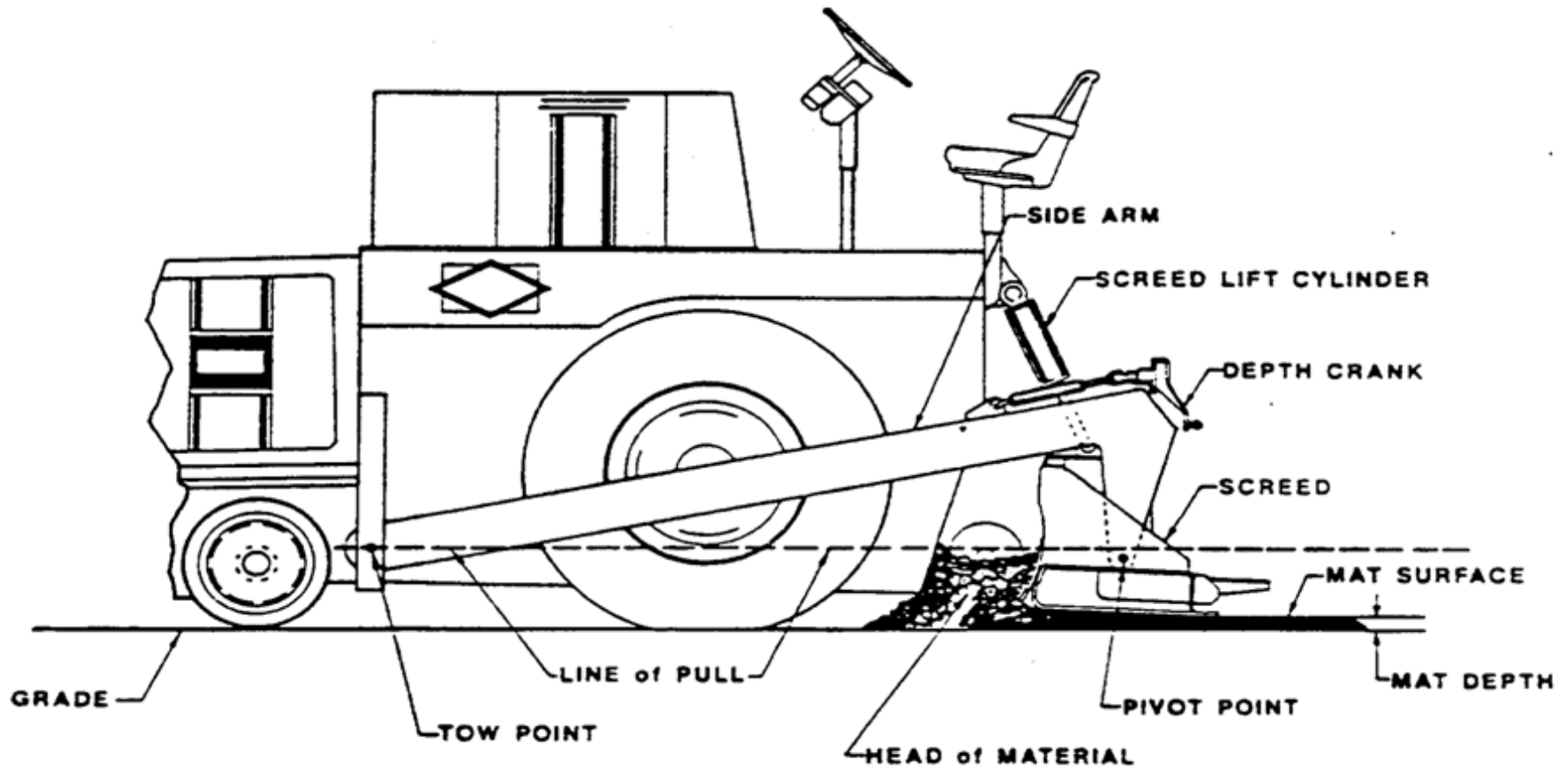


- Faster operation - Driver remains in truck
- Amount of anti-adhesive agent is controlled

# Pavers



# Pavers



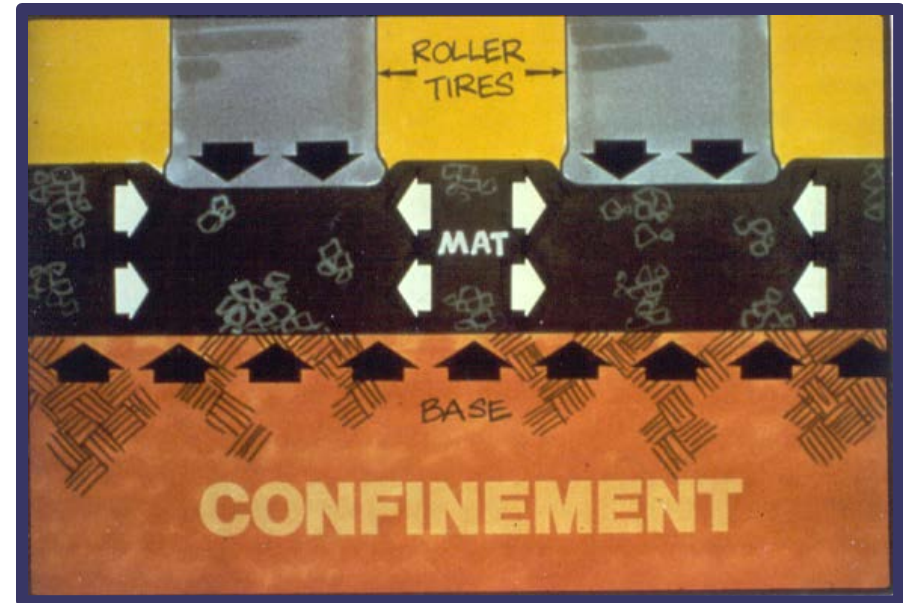


## Rollers – Three Wheel

- 300 lb/in on rear wheels
- Tandem meeting this requirement could be used



# Pneumatic Tire Rollers



- Contact Pressure of 50 to 90 psi
- Tire temperature – picking up

# Rollers



# Tandem Rollers



- Minimum of 10 ton weight



# Rollers



**Single Drum Vibratory on Soil**

# Rollers

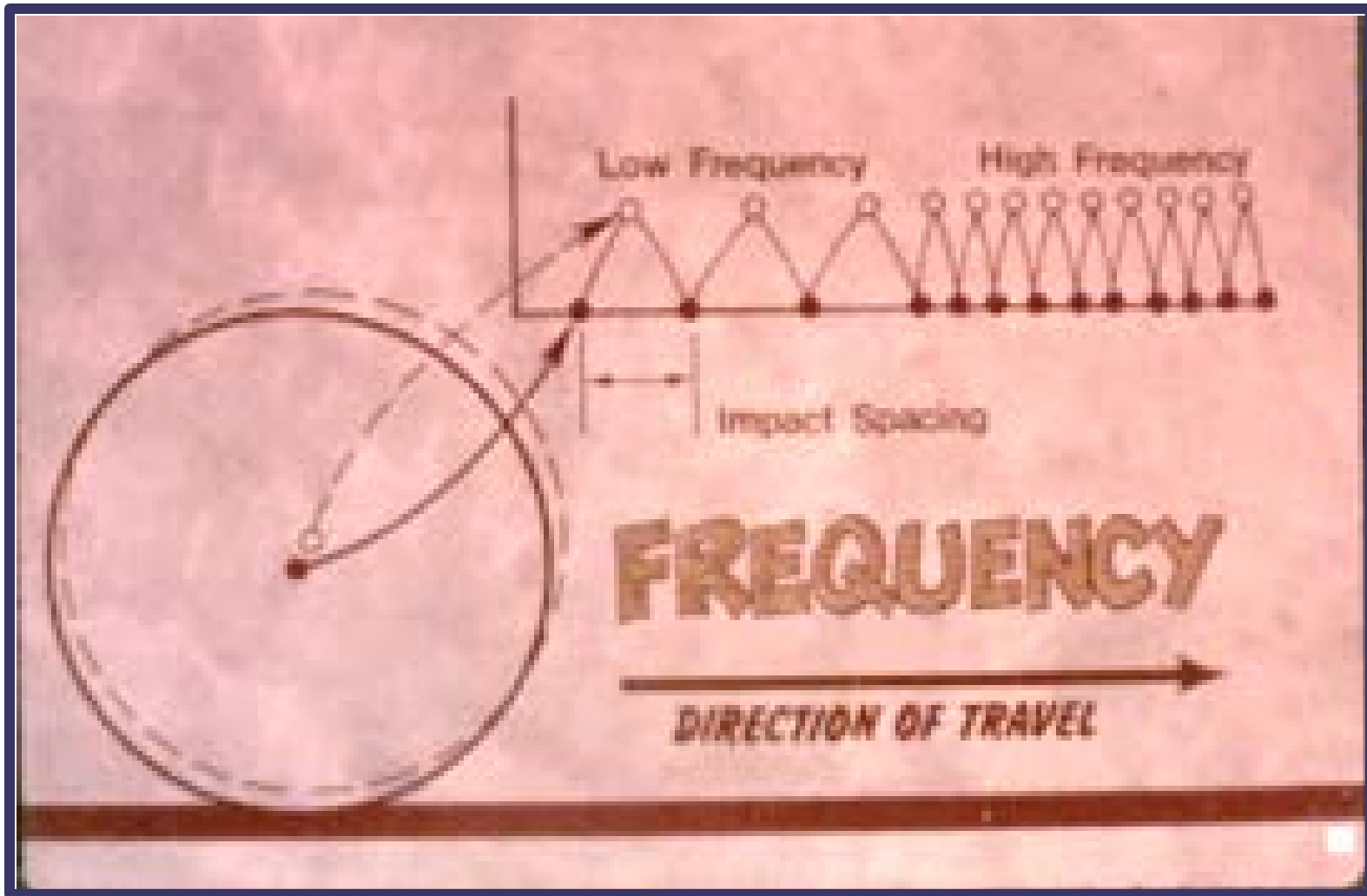


- Single Drum Vibratory on HMA
- $\approx 1500$  vpm
- $> 10$  passes to achieve density



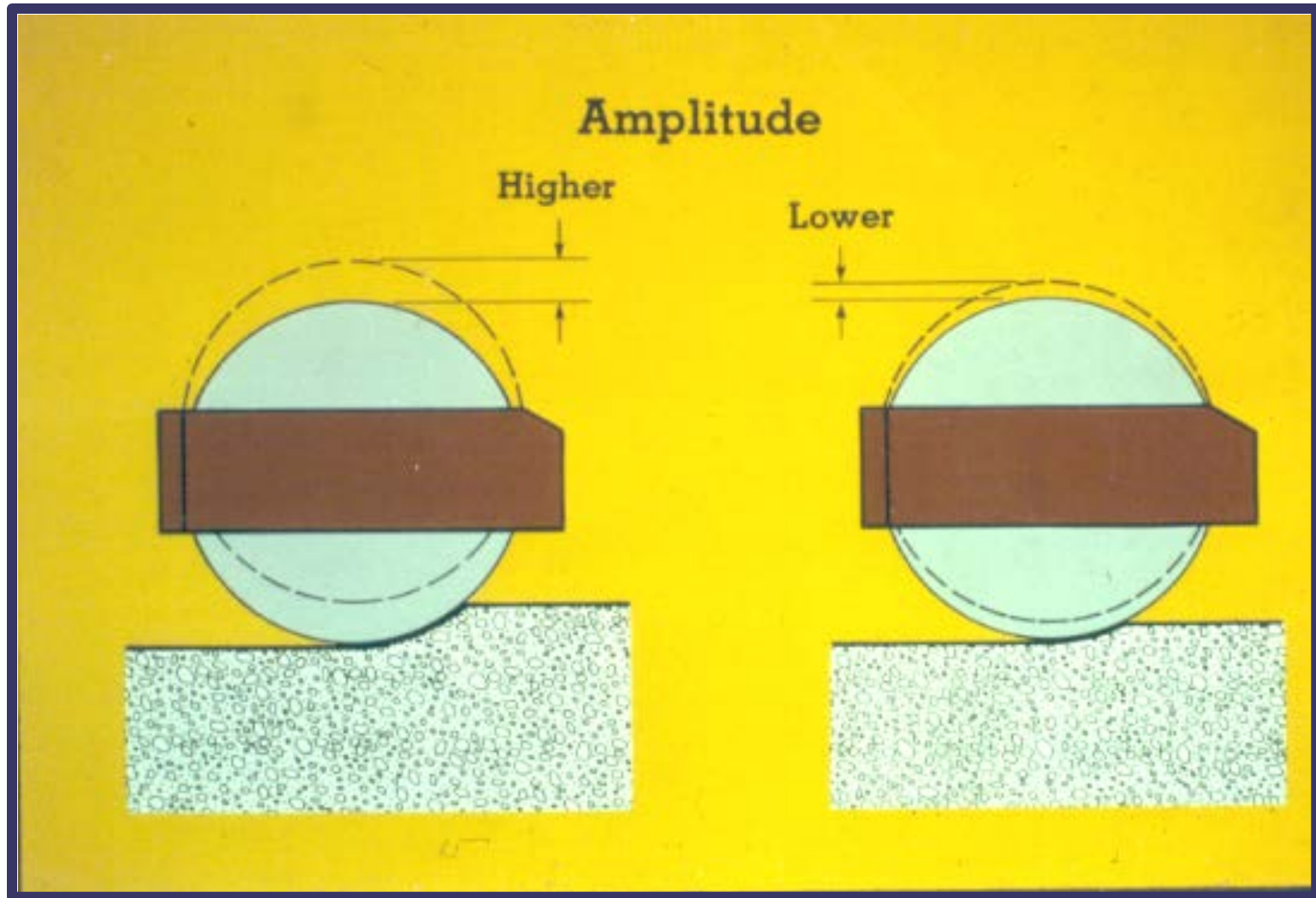
- Dual Drum Vibratory
- More compaction and wider drums
- $\geq 2000$  vpm

# Vibratory Rollers - Frequency

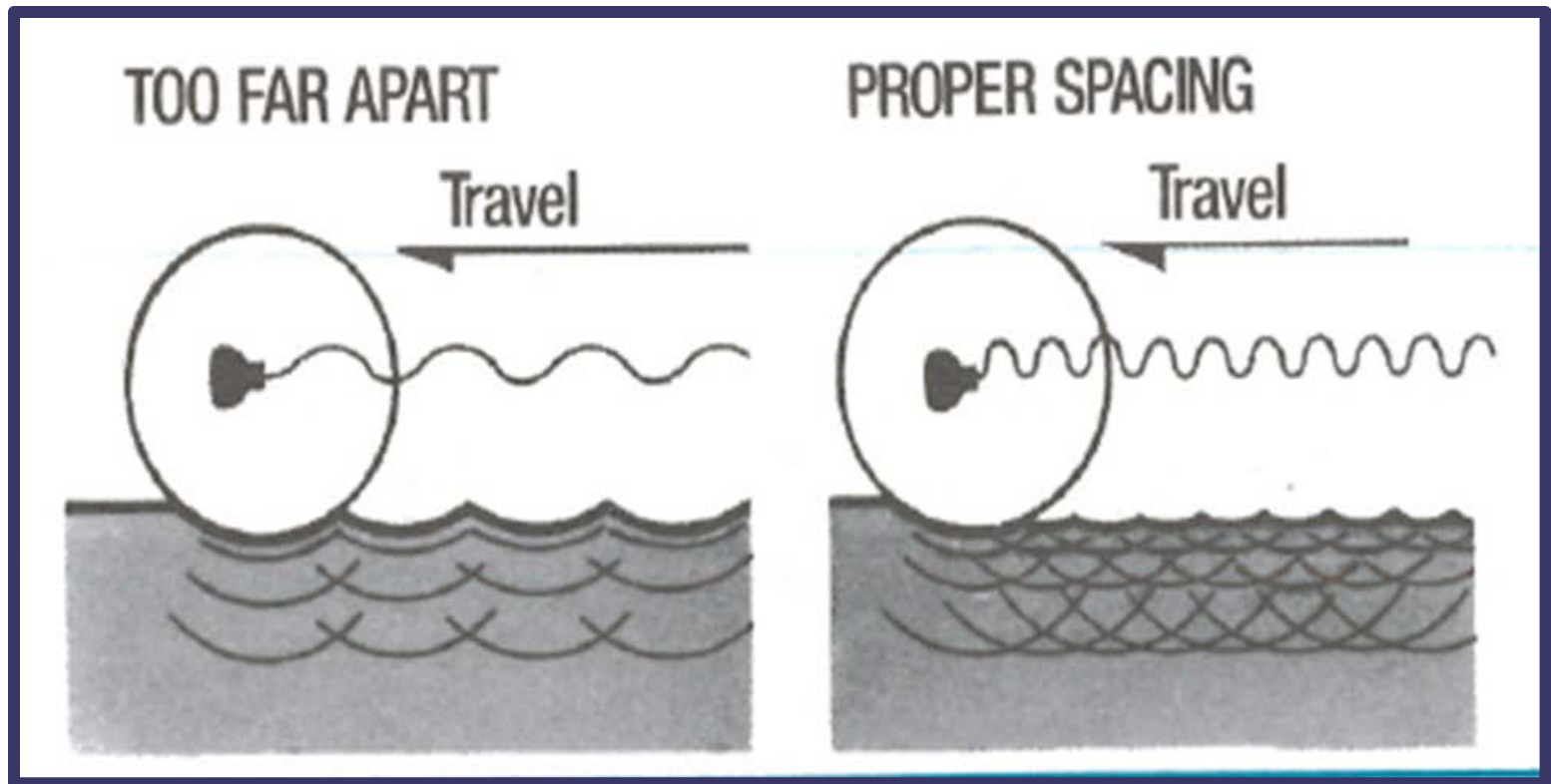




# Vibratory Rollers - Amplitude

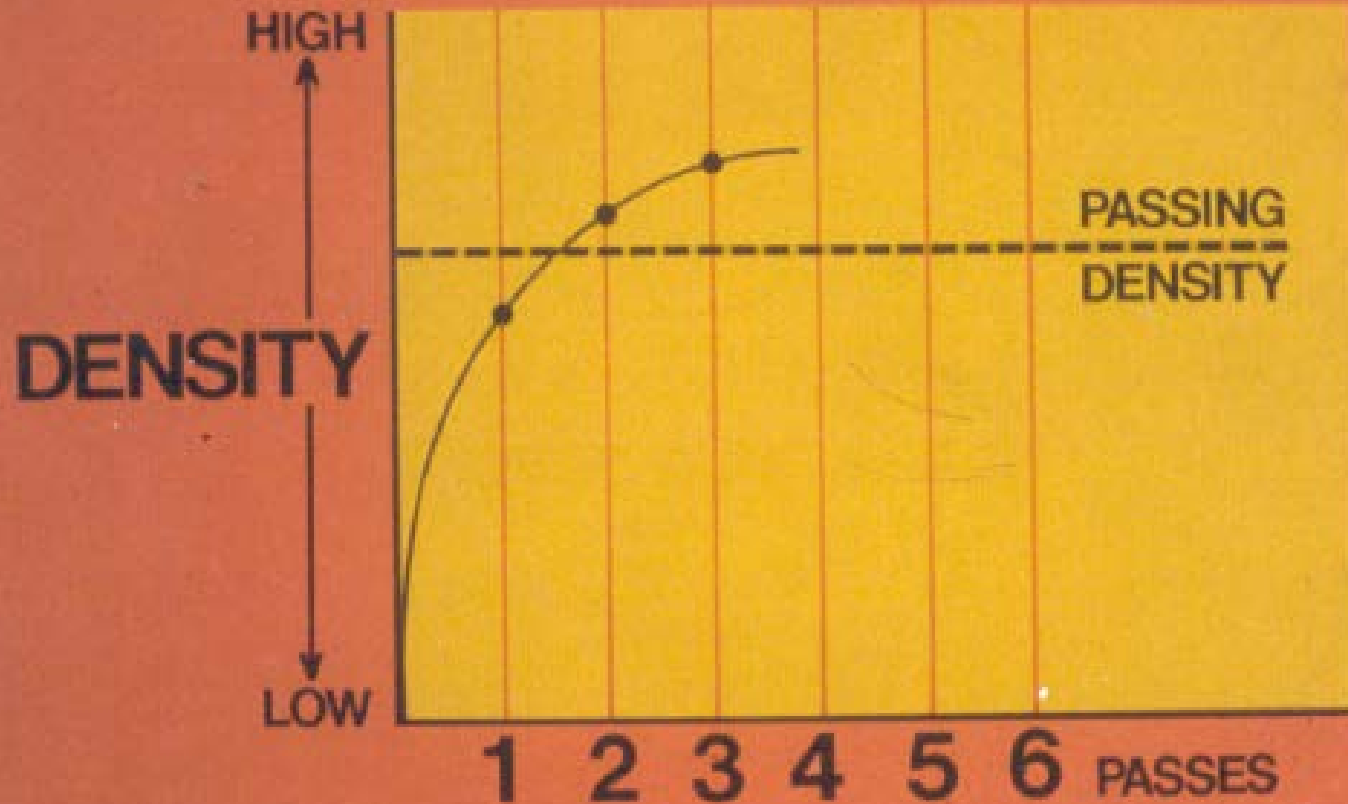


## Vibratory Rollers – Speed



**2000 vpm @ 2 ½ mph = 1 in. spacing of drum impact**

# Vibratory Rollers – Test Strip

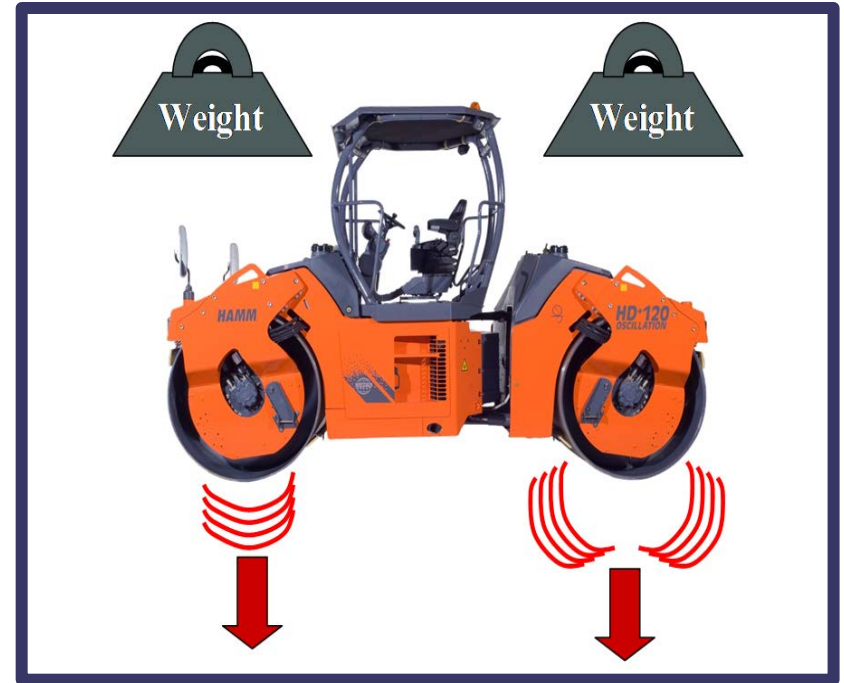


# Approved Equipment List – Vibratory Rollers

Man.	Model	Base Material	Amplitude	Number Of Passes (100-170)			
				vib	3 wh-vib	Pneum-vib	Vib-tand
Bomag	BW-202	asphalt	low	3	2-2	2-2	2-2
Case	752	asphalt	low	4	3-2	3-2	3-2
Tampo	RS-166	concrete	med	2	2-2	2-2	2-2



# Oscillatory Rollers



**Reduce impact on pipes and adjacent buildings in metropolitan areas**

# Density – Intelligent Compaction (IC)

- GPS radio and receiver unit on roller
- On-board documentation system
  - Stiffness values
  - Number of passes
  - Location of roller passes
  - Pavement surface temperature
  - Roller speed
  - Vibration frequencies
  - Amplitudes of roller drums

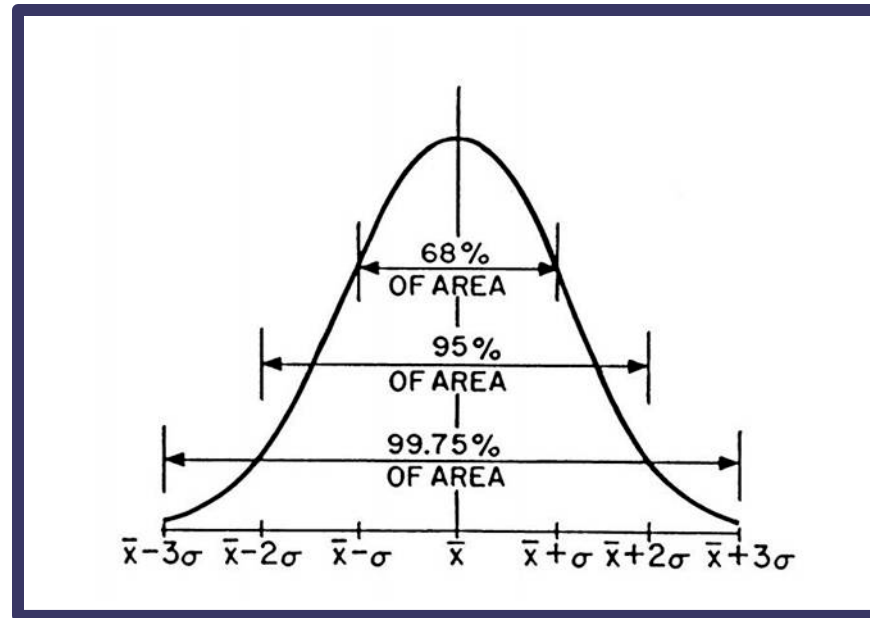


# Problems - Rutting



- Number of Trucks
- Allowable load limits

# QC/QA Specifications - 1984



- Quality Control (QC) – Contractor Process Control of producing quality mixture
- Quality Assurance (QA) – Acceptance by statistical means, with random sampling

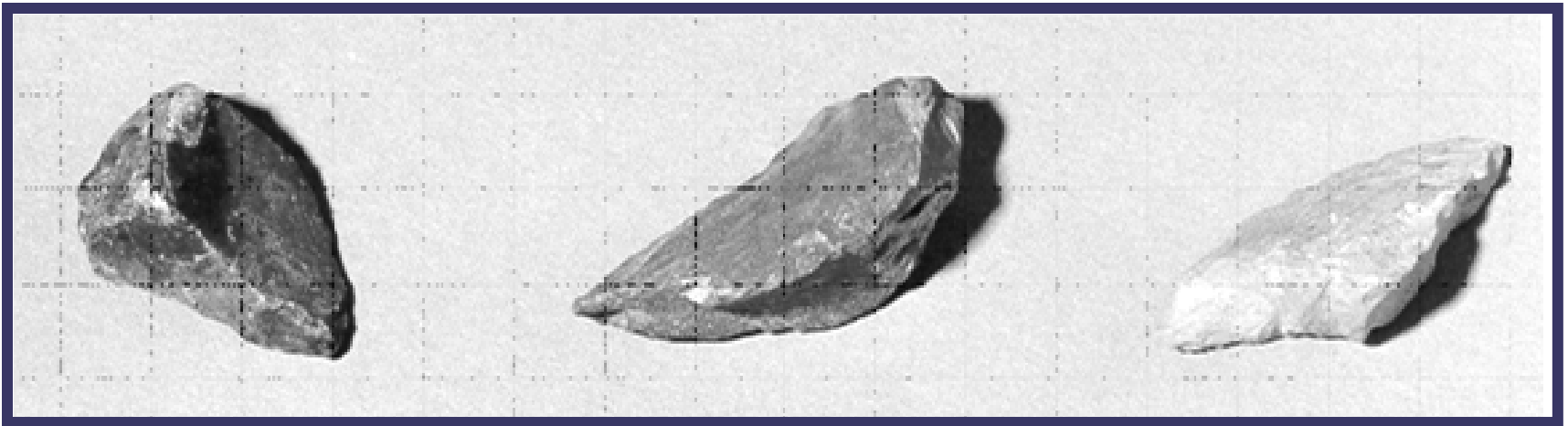


## Mix Designs - Marshall



- Mixtures were designed at 6.0% air voids
- Larger percentage of coarse aggregate

# Materials - Gravel



- Crushed Count – 1960s
- Base mixtures – 50%
- Binder mixtures – 50%
- Surface mixtures – 85%

## Materials - Gravel

### COARSE AGGREGATE ANGULARITY

TRAFFIC, ESAL	DEPTH FROM SURFACE	
	$\leq 4$ in.	$> 4$ in.
$< 300,000$	55	
300,000 to $< 3,000,000$	75	50
3,000,000 to $< 10,000,000$	85/80*	60
10,000,000 to $< 30,000,000$	95/90*	80/75*
$\geq 30,000,000$	100/100*	100/100*
* Denotes two faced crush requirements.		

# Baghouse Fines

- Bins - low level indicator
- No return of Fines
- Adjust volumetric properties

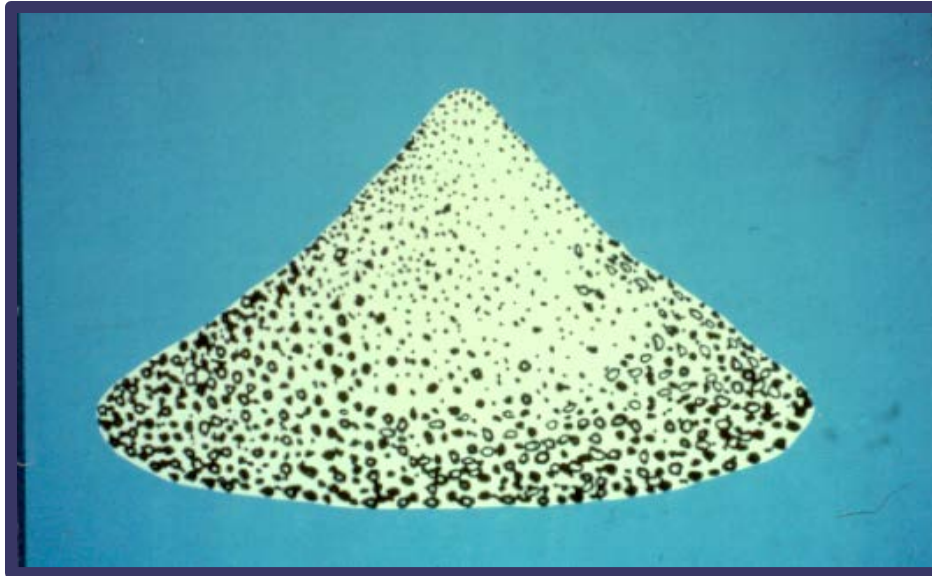




# Problems - Segregation



# Materials – Aggregates (CAPP)



**Reduce segregation of aggregates with stockpiling procedures**

# CAPP – Loading Trucks



**Three drops in truck and working across face of stockpile**



# HMA Plant - Cold Feed Bins



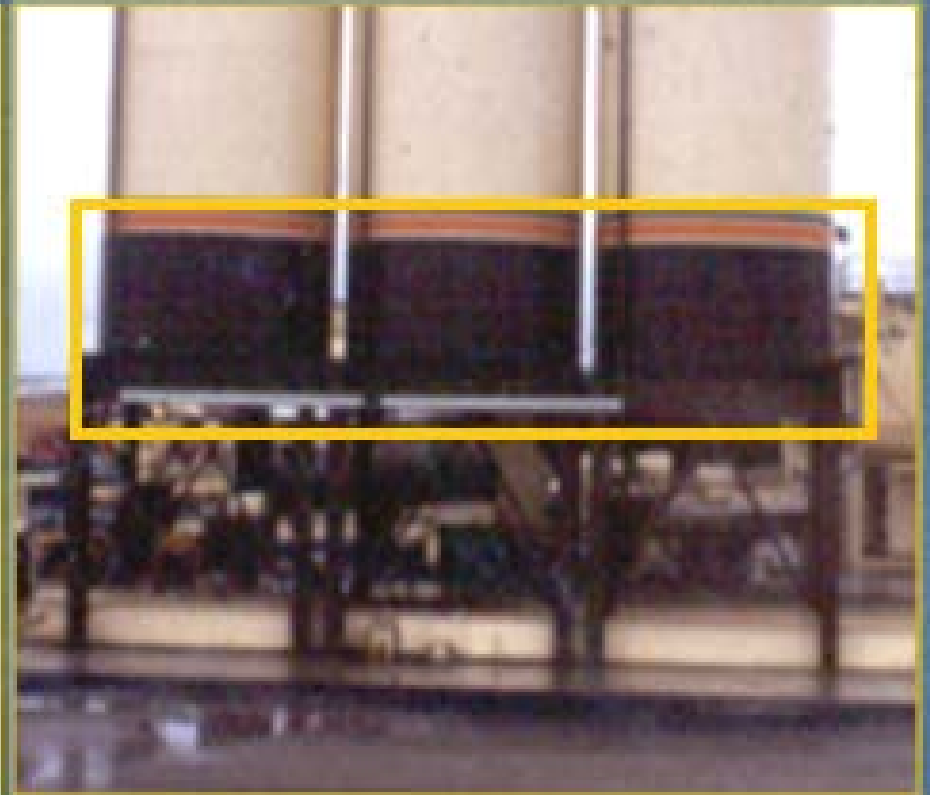


# HMA Plant - RAP Bins

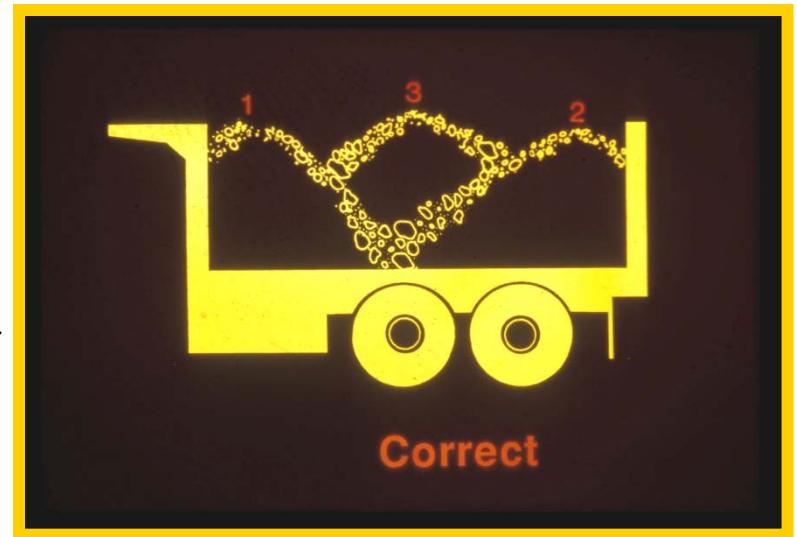
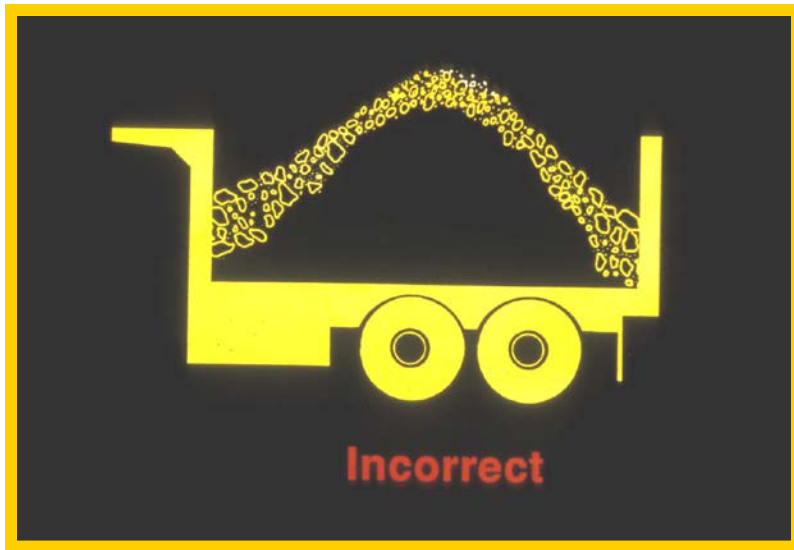


# Surge Bins

- **Discharge when mix falls below top of cone**
  - **Mix segregation**
  - **Alarm system**



# Trucks - Loading



# Trucks – 3 Drops



Front



Back



Middle



## Loading Trucks



## Rear Axle Overload

# Material Transfer Vehicles



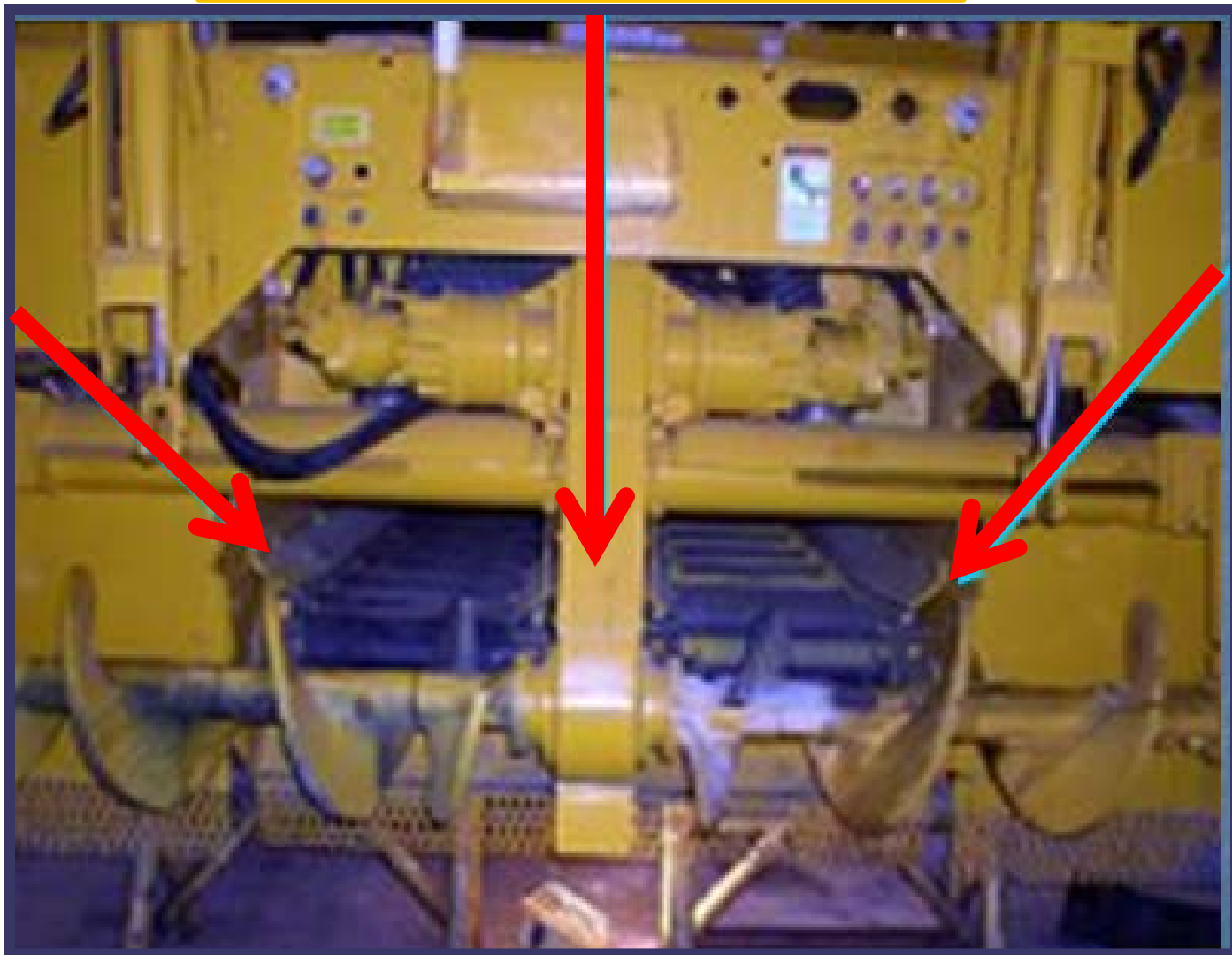
**Transfer mix to paver – where trucks could not unload easily**

# Material Transfer Vehicles



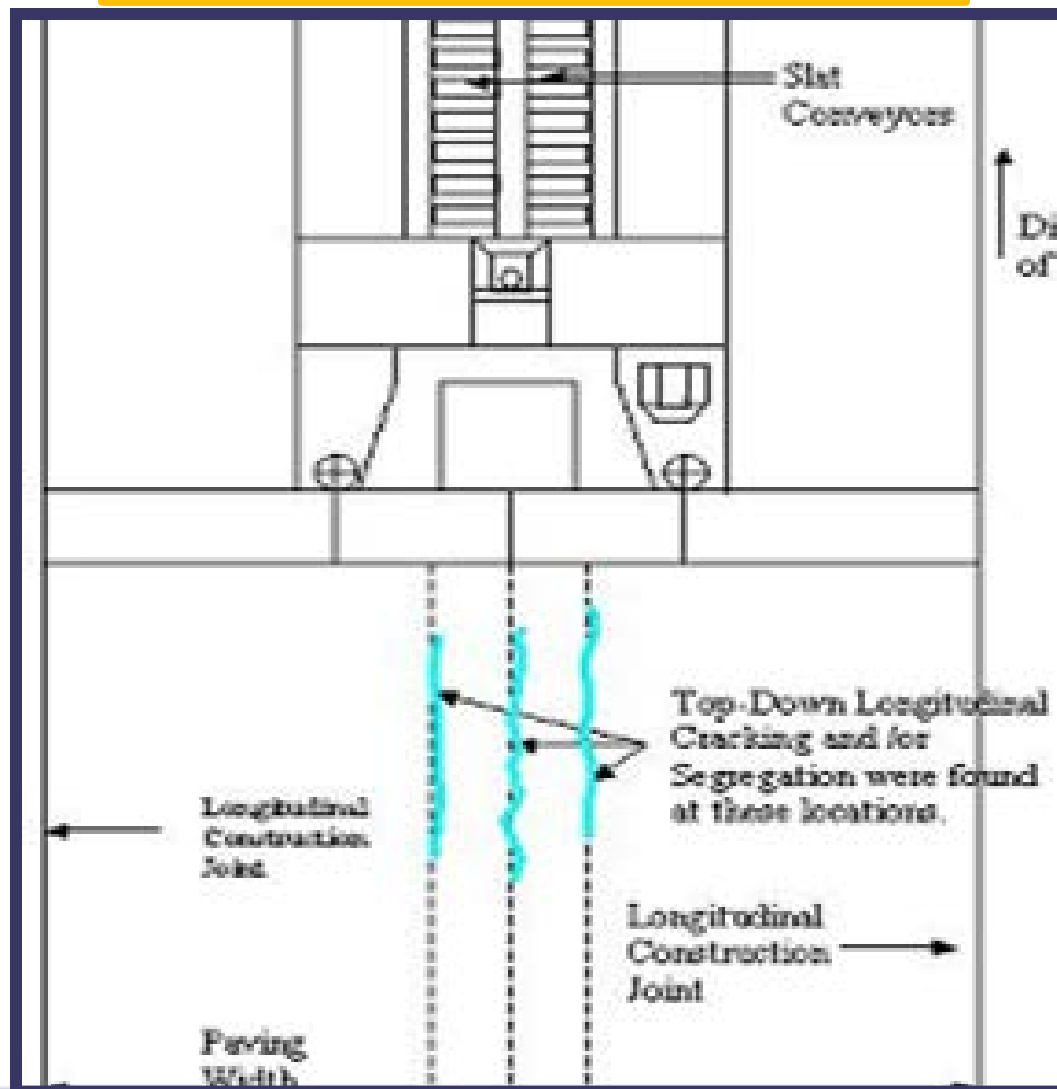
- Reduced Segregation
- Trucks could unload quickly
- Provided uniform mat temperature

## Paver - Segregation

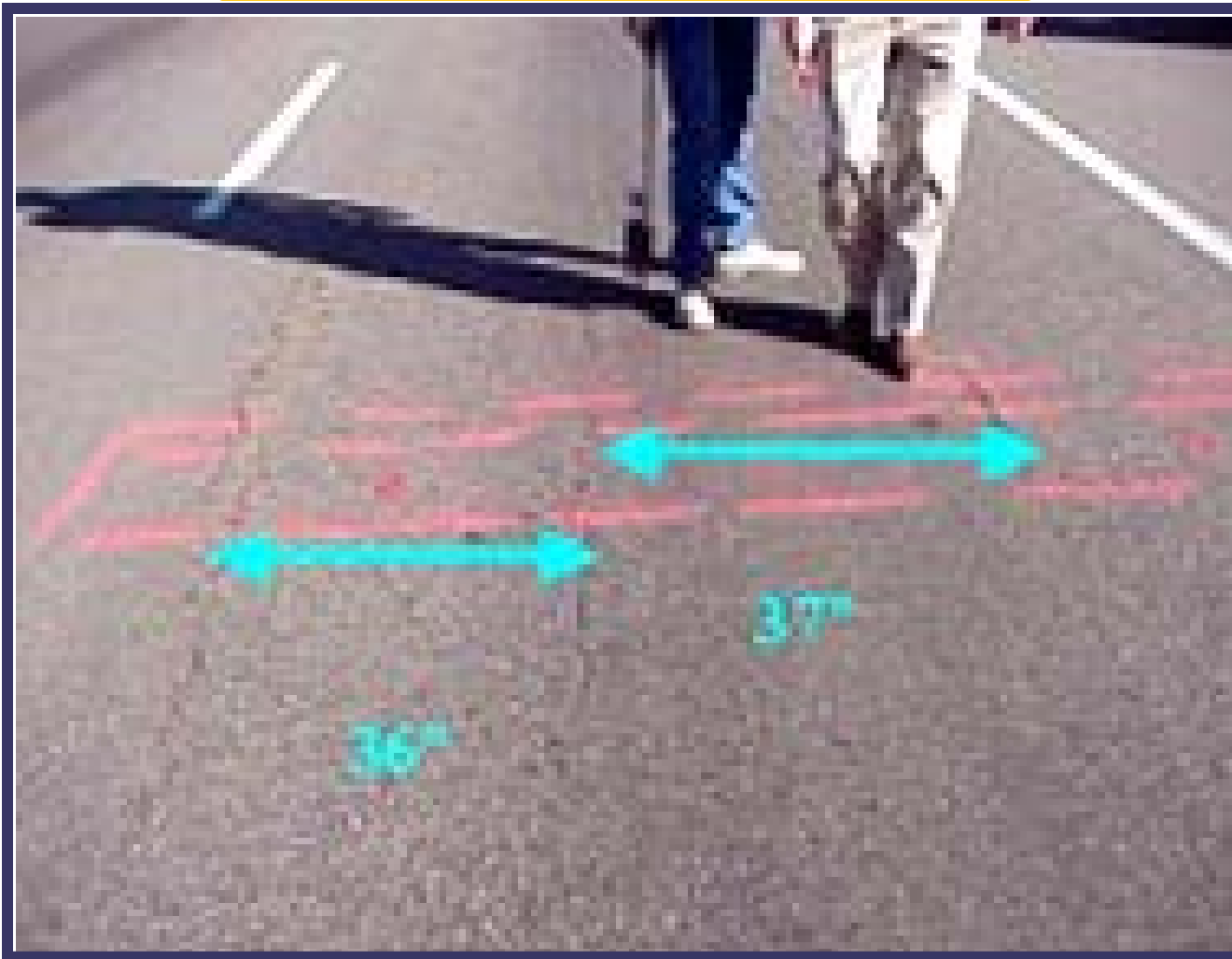




# Paver - Segregation



# Paver - Segregation



# Paver Restrictions

- **Blaw-Knox – MMK**
- **Cedarrapids – 1989 or later**
- **Barber Green/ Caterpillar – Deflector Kit**

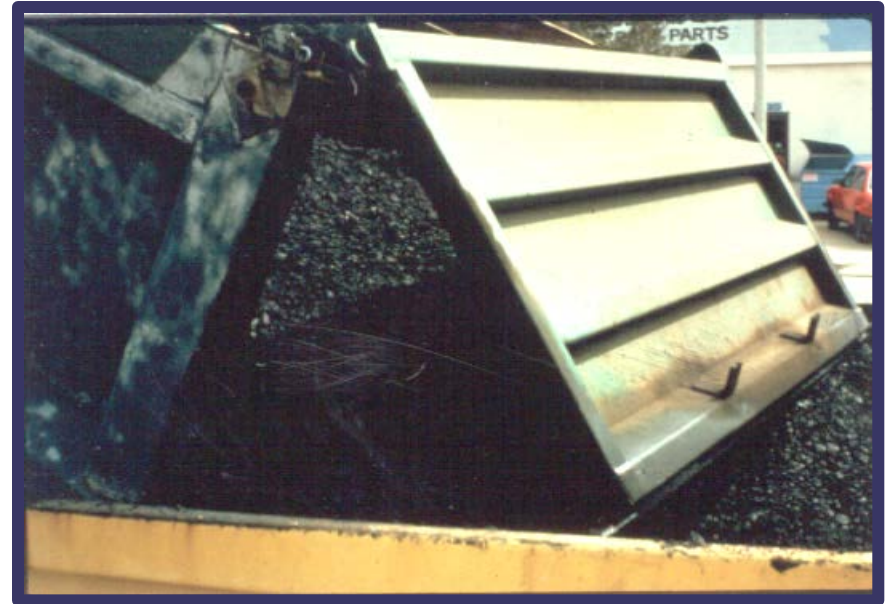


# Pavers - Segregation



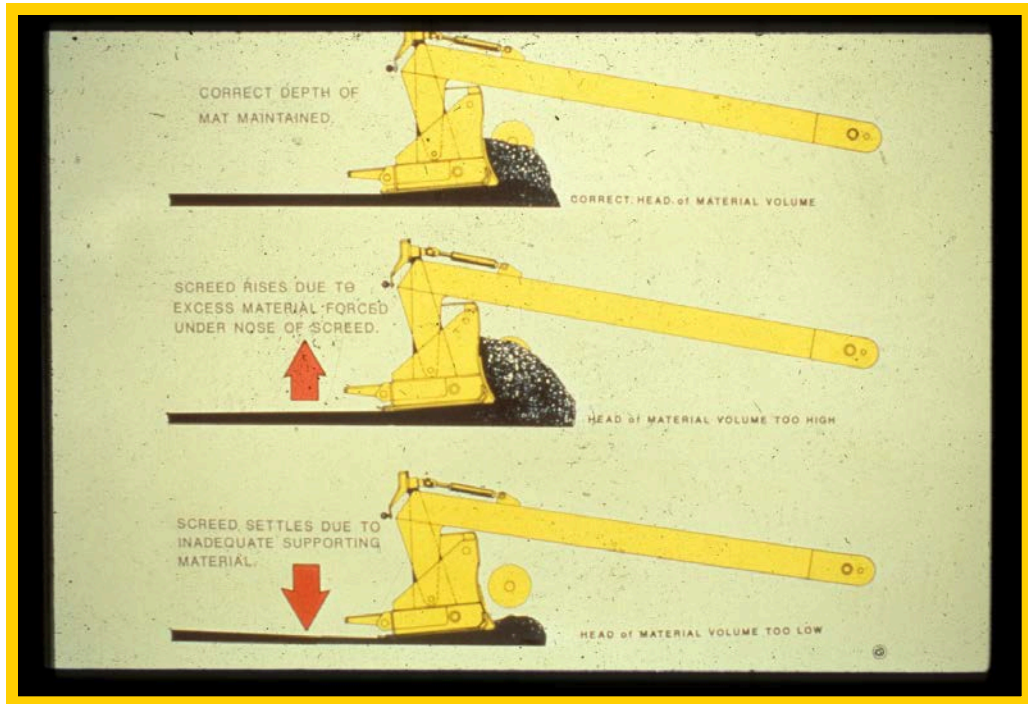


# Pavers - Segregation



- Raise bed before unloading
- Flood the paver hopper

# Pavers - Segregation



**Constant Head of  
Material on Screed**



# Plate Sampling - Segregation



## Quality Control - Plant

# Certified HMA Producer Program



**109 Certified HMA Producers**





# Quality Control - Plant

- Personnel
- Materials
- Laboratory
- Plant Production
- Sampling
- Testing
- Documentation



- **Certified Asphalt Technician Training - 1984**
- **≈ 800 Technicians**
- **Currently 227 Certified Technicians**

# QCP -HMA Laboratory

- **Owned by Producer**
- **HMA Plant**
- **Other Locations**
  - **Results furnished in writing to plant within two working days**
  - **Equipment calibrated**
  - **Certified Asphalt Technician**
  - **Qualified Technician**



# QCP-HMA Plant Production

- Plant site layout
- Plant calibration
- Aggregates
- Binder
- Baghouse fines
- Fibers
- Trucks
- Surge bins





# Testing – QCP Requirements

- **Aggregates**
  - Stockpile
  - Blended Aggregate
- **Recycled Materials**
  - Binder Content
  - Gradation
  - Moisture Content
  - CAA
- **Binder**

# Testing

- **Mixture at HMA Plant**
  - **Binder Content**
  - **Gradation (SMA)**
  - **Moisture Content**
  - **Temperature**
  - **Draindown (OG & SMA)**

# Testing

- **Mixture from Pavement**
  - **Binder Content**
  - **Gradation (SMA)**
  - **Moisture Content (Surface Mixture)**
  - **Bulk Specific Gravity**
  - **Maximum Specific Gravity**

# Daily Diary

- Quantity of mixture produced
- Contract number
- When samples taken & tested
- Non-conforming tests and resulting corrective action
- Any significant events or problems



# Control Charts

Control Limit

Target Mean

Control Limit



# Certified HMA Plants

- **Manufactured product**
- **Improved quality of product**
  - **React quickly to changes**
- **Cities/Counties use**

# Quality Control - Road



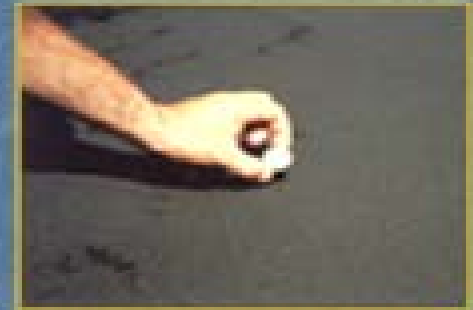
# Personnel

- **QCP Manager – responsible for administration of QCP**
- **QCP Field Manager – responsible for execution of QCP and liaison to PE. Required to be a Certified HMA Field Supervisor**
- **Quality Control Technician – responsible for conducting quality control tests and inspection**



# Quality Control Technician

- Paving operations and joint construction
- QC tests for temperature, density and smoothness
- Pavement samples



# MILLING

- **Milling Plan – general procedures for asphalt removal**
- **Equipment – description**
- **Testing – macrotexture measurement (ITM 812)**
- **Procedure, frequency, and equipment for measuring the cross slope and longitudinal surface finish**



# Process Balance



- **Plant Production**
- **Transportation**
- **Placement**
- **Compaction**
- **Corrective Action**



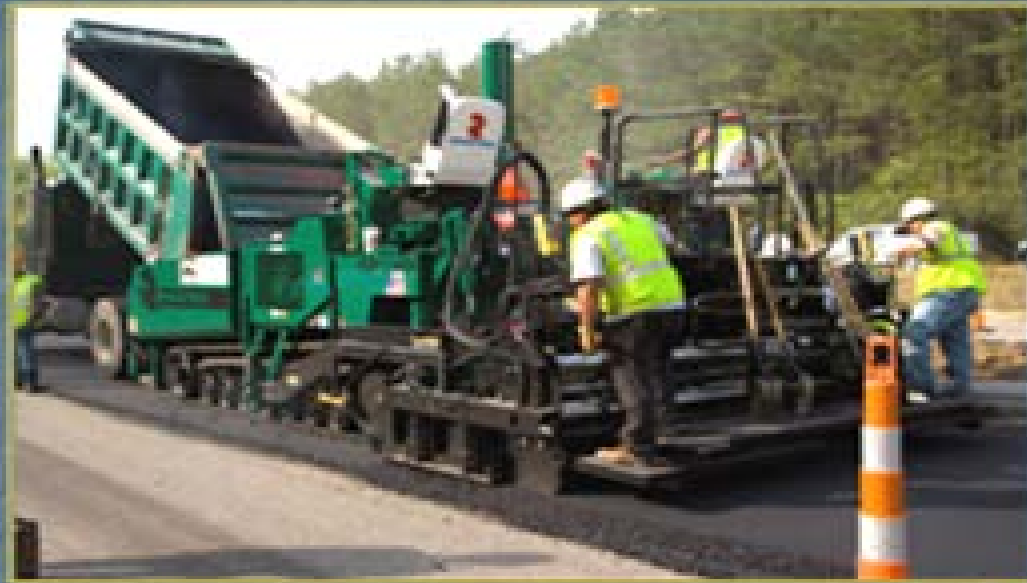
# Transportation of Mixture

- **Truck Bed Cover – when waterproof covers are used**
- **Unloading – procedures and removal of mixture from truck bed and bed apron**
- **Transfer Vehicles – type and size and plans for bridge crossing**





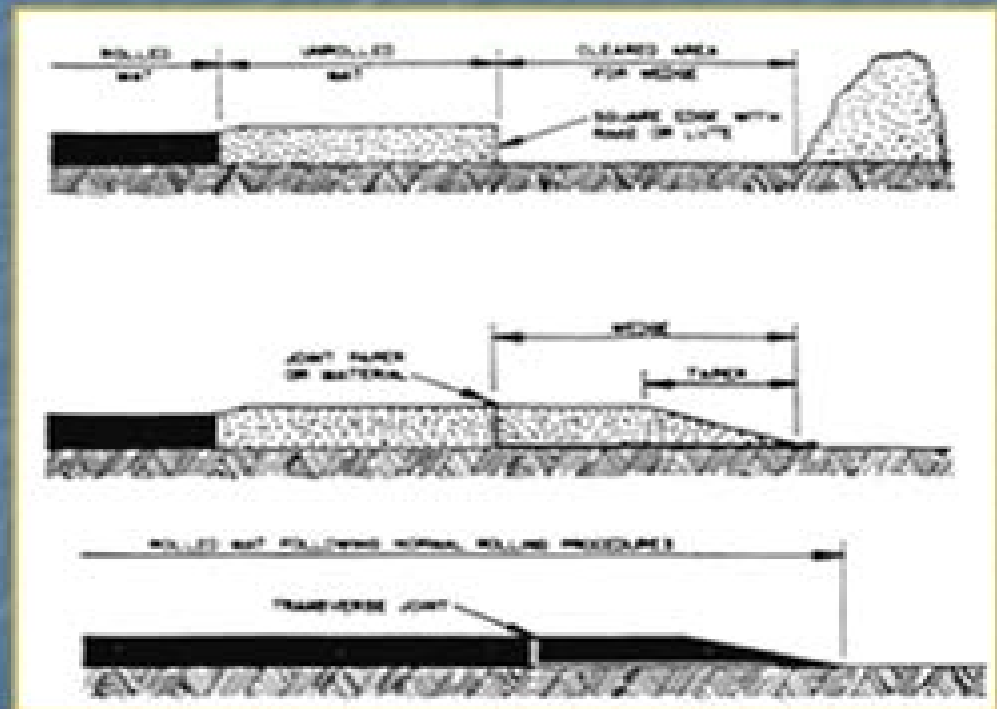
# Paving



- **Equipment – make, model, etc.**
- **Paving Plan – general sequence, widths, and depths of paving, and planned date for starting and finishing**

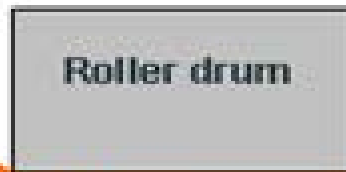
# Paving - Joints

- Procedure for construction of longitudinal and transverse joints
- Starting and stopping procedures of paver for transverse joints



# Joint Compaction

**1<sup>st</sup> Pass  
off the joint**



**Cold**

**Hot**

**6-8"**

**Creates a confined  
edge & raised area**

**2<sup>nd</sup> Pass  
on the joint**



**Cold**

**Hot**

**6-8"**

**Uses Dynamics to build  
density "pinch the joint"**

- **Procedures for compaction of the longitudinal and transverse joints**

# Materials Sampling and Testing

- **Density – procedure for measuring (minimum 1/1000 yd<sup>2</sup> on mainline and shoulders)**
- **Procedure for monitoring temperature of mix during compaction to optimize rolling pattern**





# Materials Sampling and Testing



- Plan for when cores shall be taken and procedure for refilling core holes

# Materials Sampling and Testing



- **Procedure for measuring smoothness. Annual certification of profilograph shall be included (ITM 912)**

# Response to Test Results

- **Corrective Action in response to mixture, temperature, and density tests**



**Certified Aggregate Producer**



**Certified HMA Producer**



**Certified Asphalt Supplier**







## Project Quality Control Plan

